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WRECK ON THE KEOKUK

Passenger Train Loaded With Teachers Derailed.

A DISTRESSING ACCIDENT.

Owing to the Softened Ground From Rains the Rails Spread, Causing the Smashup—Several Persons Seriously Injured.

Des Moines, Jan. 2.—A passenger train on the Keokuk and Western, southbound, was wrecked two miles south of Norwalk, injuring several passengers.

It was a heavy train, loaded with teachers going home from the state association. The ground under the track was softened by rain so the rails spread. One coach and baggage car were turned upside down and others tipped over. Several passengers were bruised. Eugene Chapman, a son of Dr. R. U. Chapman of Des Moines was seriously cut in the left temple and may die. Conductor Ed Cavanaugh was also seriously hurt. A relief train was sent from Des Moines to bring the injured to Des Moines.

REVIEW OF TRADE.

More Failures During the Past Year Than in 1895.

New York, Jan. 2.—R. G. Dun & Company's weekly review of trade says: There have been more commercial failures in 1896 than in any previous year except 1893, about 14,890 against 13,197 last year, with liabilies of about $225,000,000 against $173,196,060 last year, an increase in number of about 12 per cent and in liabilities of 29 per cent.

The holiday makes it impossible to give exact figures until next week, but the monthly returns heretofore prepared show that $36,000,000 of the excess over last year was in two months, August and September, in which manufacturing liabilities were $15,600,000 larger than last year, trading $101,100,000 and bankers and other commercial $10,300,000 larger.

The year closes with an epidemic of failures, mainly at the west and in banks, loan and trust companies, or concerns dependent on them. The action of clearing houses in various places indicates no want of confidence and several banks which have failed will be enabled to pay in full, but disclosure of unsoundness in a few widely known institutions in the abnormal state of popular feeling after an exciting contest on monetary issues, has caused distrust and suspicion which is frequently undervalued.

There has been no monetary pressure to cause the trouble, nor have important western products declined in value. There has evidently been too liberal assistance given by some fiduciary concerns to speculative operations. No drain on eastern funds has resulted since the first alarm at two large failures, and the money then sent has all returned. Failures often grow more frequent as annual settlements approach.

Holiday dullness has been intensified by the failures, and the efforts of great combinations to make new arrangements with iron, coke, wool, cotton and hides, all somewhat lower, there is almost universal confidence that business will soon become large and safer than before for a long time.

Wheat has risen to the highest point since June, 1892, because western receipts in five weeks have been but 13,280,000 bushels against 22,606,567 last year.

ONLY A BALD RUMOR

Mr. Ingalls Knows Nothing About Certain Promotions.

Cincinnati, Jan. 2.—When the attention of Mr. M. E. Ingalls of the Big Four road was called to a published rumor that he was to be promoted to succeed the Hon. Chauncey M. Depew of the New York Central road, and that Depew was to receive a first-class diplomatic appointment from President McKinley, he frankly and quickly replied: "There is not anything in it so far as I am concerned."

Employes Arrested.

St. Louis, Jan. 2.—A wholesale conspiracy, having for its object the systematic robbery of one of the large department stores in this city, entered into and successfully carried on for a number of years by employes of the firm, has been exposed in the arrest and confessions of six of the employes.

The firm is the William Barr company and the loss will amount to thousands of dollars. The conspiracy, it is said, will include a number of other employes of the firm besides those at present under arrest, together with a number of individuals outside.

The names of the men arrested are Cassius English, P. J. Lee, William Haupt, William Jacks, William McFarland and Luther Shobe. All of the men are young, between the ages of 21 and 30 years.

A Frightful Explosion.

Middlesboro, Ky., Jan. 2.—The boiler of Rowmar's sawmill near Tazewell, Tenn., exploded with frightful results. Jane Neal was killed and Joe Brewer so badly injured that he will die. Oscar Neal and B. F. Bowman were badly scalded.

SHOOK HANDS WITH ALL

President and Mrs. Cleveland Greet Callers.

A BRILLIANT RECEPTION.

Occupants of the White House Observe the Old Time Custom of Receiving New Year's Callers on an Elaborate Scale.

Washington, Jan. 2.—Seven thousand persons shivered outside the White House for periods varying from one to six hours. But patience had its reward in every case, for the president and Mrs. Cleveland shook hands with very one of them.

The closing New Year's reception of the present administration was the most brilliant of Mr. Cleveland's whole eight years in office, and old Arthur Simmons, the president's famous colored messenger, whose service in the White House dates back 30 years, shock his head sagely as he viewed the farreaching crowd from an upper window, and declared it "de greatest inception sense de wah.

Those who were in the receiving line and assisted Mr. and Mrs. Cleveland were: Mrs. Stevenson, Mrs. Olney, Mrs. Carlisle, Mrs. Lamont, Mrs. Harmon, Mrs. Wilson, Miss Herbert, Mrs. Francis and Miss Morton.

The center of the picture was Mrs. Cleveland, the most simply gowned of the receiving party. Her dress of pale mauve had a high rouching of smoke gray lace at the throat and at the wrists. It was caught with butterfly bows of the same on the shoulders and on the plain, smooth hanging skirt. Her hair was coiled high at the back, and brought in full waves from her forehead over her temples.

She was just slightly flushed by the rapid exercise of handshaking, but smiled as cherfully and shook hands as vigorously with the last of her 7,000 callers as she had with the first.

MR. YOUNG'S DEATH.

The Oldest Railroad Director In the World Passes Away.

Toledo, Jan. 2.—Samuel M. Young, the oldest railroad director in the world, died here in her 91st year. The deceased came here nearly three-quarters of a century ago from Lebanon, N. H., where he was born.

The late Chief Justice Waite was a law student in Mr. Young's office and received his first legal training under his guidance. Mr. Youngfi was also president of the Toledo National bank for a quarter of a century. He was one of the projectors of the Cleveland-Toledo railroad, now the Lake Shore. In late years he helped to build the Columbus, Hocking Valley and Toledo railroad. The deceased leaves a large fortune to his three children.

ARRESTED FOR MURDER.

Further Facts About the Mysterious Death of a Young Girl.

Topeka, Jan. 2.—Al Williams, aged 32, and Mrs. Jane Mayes, aged 21, living north of Topeka, were arrested charged with the murder of Anna Belle Williams, the 12-year-old girl whose outraged body was found Wednesday in a meadow near Eudora.

Williams was the father of the girl and accuses the Mayes woman of the murder. The pair agreed to take the girl to Kansas City in order to have her placed on a poor farm, the woman to accompany the girl. She says that when they reached Eudora, she became sick and a strange man offered to take care of the girl. That is the last she saw of Belle.

The Bicycle Contest.

Washington, Jan. 2.—The fifth day of the international six day, eight hours per day bicycle race was attended by a larger audience than on the previous day.

There was some very fine riding during the day, as with but one more day remaining in which to race, the contestants strained every muscle to increase their distances. There was no change in the relative positions of the men at the close. Waller and Maddox, the leaders, are closely watching each other, and the latter seems unusually confident of overcoming the two laps which Waller has to the good. The leaders made approximately 148 miles, a greater distance than has been accomplished during any day of the contest.

Yerkes Is In Line.

Frankfort, Ky., Jan. 2.—To prove that he has the backing of the president-elect, Hon. John W. Yerkes, chairman of the Republican state central committee, is expected to announce himself as a candidate for United States senator next week. It is believed that Boyle, Bradley and even Hunter will withdraw before the extra session is called, and that it will be impossible for the Blackburn people to block the election.

Death of Rear Admiral.

Washington, Jan. 2.—Rear Admiral Joseph S. Skerritt, 64, retired, died here. His death, while sudden, was not wholly unexpected, as he had been in bad health since his retirement from active service in July, 1894. The funeral will take place Sunday afternoon.

CORN ISLAND COVETED

A Supposed War Movement on the Part of Columbia.

ADVANTAGES OF THE PLACE.

Government of Nicaragua, Upon Receiving Information of the Designs on the Territory, Sent Troops to Protect Her Rights.

Managua, Nicaragua, Jan. 2.—A warlike move upon the part of the republic of Columbia is now believed to have been checkmated by the republic of Nicaragua, although further news from the objective point, Corn Island, is anxiously expected here.

About a month ago the government of Nicaragua was informed, unofficially that Colombia had planned to make a landing on Corn island, a valuable strategetic spot, situated about 36 miles off Mosquito coast belonging to Nicaragua, whose flag was to be hauled down and the ensign of Colombia substituted for it.

It was alleged that Nicaragua was overtaxing Corn island and that the inhabitants, numbering a few hundred, had appealed to Colombia for redress, on the ground that territory, some five miles long, which formerly belonged to Columbia, was unlawfully held by Nicaragua.

It was further stated that the prefect of San Andrez, Colombia, had assembled a military force and was only waiting for the arrival of a Columbian gunboat in order to embark the troops, proceed to Corn island, seize it and fortify it against the possibility of recapture.

That such a plan was discussed, there is no reason to doubt, but President Zelaya of Nicaragua took prompt steps to meet this move upon the part of the neighboring republic. Very quietly detachments of Nicaraguan troops were assembled here and at Granada, and when all was ready they were sent in small parties across Lake Nicaragua and down the San Juan river to Greytown and Bluefields. By this time the soldiers of Nicaragua are believed to be in possession of big and little Corn island, for there are two of them, and the work of erecting a strong fort should be progressing.

Of course, if the Columbian expedition started earlier than expected and reached Corn island before the Nicaraguan troops fighting may have occurred before this, and if so, the matter may lead to a general upheaval in Central America, for Colombia was warned, diplomatically and through the press early last month that her seizure of Corn island might lead to a warlike combination of the republic of Salvador and Honduras, in support of Nicaragua against her.

Colombia was also advised if she still maintained she had rights over Corn Island, to submit them to arbitration of a disinterested republic. To these threats and suggestions, apparently no attention was paid for it was announced that the Colombian gunboat was being fitted up for the transportation of Colombian troops to Corn island.

The British claim to Corn island is understood to be based on her former pretensions to a protectorate over the Mosquito territory, and because Colombia, which originally owned Corn island, ceded the islands to King George, then the governing chieftain, under British auspices of the Mosquito reservation.

Colombia, however, insists that Corn island was only ceded to King George on the condition that it was to be returned whenever required. Nicaragua as present owner of what was the Mosquito reservation, now part of the republic of Nicaragua, disputes this point, especially as thetime for raising it officially has long since passed, and holds that Corn island was part of the Mosquito territory and as such is now a portion of Nicaraguan territory.

Schmehl Withdraws.

St. Louis, Jan. 2.—Henry Schmehl, the German who entered the six days' walking match and bet $500 he would finish in front of Hoagland, has withdrawn, leaving only eight of the original 12 contestants. Hart, the little darkey, still leads the bunch by two or three miles and Hoagland could not reduce that distance between them. Stephens, the next best man, has been doing the most consistent walking of all and seems as fresh as when he started.

Serious Rat Bite.

Circleville, O., Jan. 2.—Several weeks ago Mrs. Serena Foust, an aged lady of Adelphi, was bitten in the fleshy part of the right hand by a gray rat. The wound healed nicely, but last week she was seized with violent pains in her arm and the wound broke out afresh.

New Year's In Berlin.

Berlin, Jan. 2.—The advent of the new year was celebrated in the customary manner at the palace. After church the emperor and empress held a grand reception in the white hall, those present including the chancellor, Prince Hohenlohe, the ministers, the presidents of the reichstag and diet, the ambassadors and the commanding generals.

TALK WITH WEYLER.

He Thinks There Are Only a Few Insurgents In Pinar del Rio.

Havana, Jan. 2.—The war correspondent of La Lucha of this city, Senor Canarte, has telegraphed to his paper the substance of an interview which he had with Captain General Weyler, whose column he joined at San Cristobal. The captain general assured the correspondent that there was only about 500 insurgents in the province of Pinar del Rio, adding: "I am able to say that the province is pacified. Sickness bullets and hunger will terminate the revolution. I will treat the leaders with consideration if they surrender all, or nearly all of their followers.

"Nobody can consider himself the owner of the cattle in the mountains and woods which were born last year, and I allow the soldiers and the poor to gather them together and get what benefit they can for them. I have also provided for the establishment of cultivated zones in oredr to avoid famine, and I congratulate myself upon the suppression of the revolution in Pinar del Rio. The rebels are lacking in valor and other elements to make the uprising a success."

JEWELRY FIRM FAILS.

It Had Already Made Two Men Millionaires, Who Retired.

San Francisco, Jan. 2.—Barrett & Sherwood, the oldest and at one time the largest retail jewelery firm in California, has failed. The firm was started over 40 years ago by Robert S. Sherwood and J. S. Barrett. Both men became millionaires. Barrett died 30 years ago and Sherwood retired to devote his time to other large interests. His nephew, W. J. Sherwood, succeeded him and has since conducted the business. A long season of poor business is the cause of the failure. The liabilities will not exceed $1,000, most of which is owned by the Tosole Manufacturing company, Wetmore & Company and Hirsch & Heyman, all eastern firms.

FAURE CONGRATULATED.

The Czar Jollies the President of the Alleged French Republic.

Paris, Jan. 2.—President Faure is in receipt of a telegraphic message from the czar conveying his majesty's New Year's congratulations. The czar telegraphed: "I desire to offer you my sincere congratulations and express, as much on the empress' behalf as my own, our best wishes for the prosperity of France. Among the most agreeable recollections of the year is our few days' charming sojourn in your beautiful country. It is a memory which will remain ineffaceable."

Female Physician Convicted.

Pueblo, Colo., Jan. 2.—Dr. Carrie Johnson, a well known female physician, formerly of Washington city, has been found guilty of murder in the second degree. She was charged with having caused the death of Mrs. Ella A. Kelley last September by criminal malpractice. Mrs. Johnson will probably be sentenced to prison for 20 years.

Troubled by a Spook.

Lexington, Ky., Jan. 2.—Firemen at an enginehouse here are troubled with a ghost which makes nightly visits since the death of a fireman recently. The laddies have armed themselves with Winchesters.

Authorized to Start.

Washington, Jan. 2.—The comptroller of the currency has authorized the First National bank of Thompson, Ia., to begin business, capital $50,000.

MARKET REPORTS.

Grain and Stock Quotations For Jan. 1.

New York.

Beef—Family, $9 50@11 00; extra mess, $7 25@8 00; packed, $8 00@9 00. Cut meats—pickled bellies, 4¾@4¾c; pickled shoulders, 4¼c; pickled hams, 8½@9c. Lard—Western steam, $4 07½. Pork—Old mess, $8 25@8 75; family, $10 50@11 00; clear, $8 75@10 50.

Butter—Western dairy, 8@13c; creamery, 18½@23c; do factory, 7@12c; Elgins, 23c; imitation creamery, 11@17c. Cheese—State large, 7½@10½c; small, 7½@10½c; part skims, 3½@7c; full skims, 2½@3c. Eggs—State and Pennsylvania, 20@25c; western fresh, 15½@21c.

Wheat—97c. Corn—29½@29¾c. Rye—40@42c. Oats—22½c.

Pittsburg.

Cattle—Prime, $4 75@5 00; good, $4 50@4 65; tidy butchers', $4 20@4 40; fair, $3 85@4 10; common, $3 25@3 75; feeders, $3 60@4 00; bulls, stags and cows, $2 25@3 50.

Hogs—Prime light, $3 55@3 60; mediums, $3 50@3 55; common to fair, $3 45@3 50; heavy, $3 30@3 40; roughs, $2 25@3 00.

Sheep—Prime sheep, $3 60@3 75; good, $3 30@3 50; fair, $2 75@3 15; culls and common, $1 00@2 50; choice lambs, $5 10@5 30; common to good, $3 90@4 90; veal calves, $6 00@6 50.

Chicago.

Hogs—Light, $3 20@3 45; mixed, $3 25@3 45; heavy, $3 00@3 42½; roughs, $3 00@3 05.

Cattle—Beeves, $3 50@5 35; cows and heifers, $1 70@4 15; Texas steers, $2 90@4 20; stockers and feeders, $2 90@4 00.

Sheep—Active and higher.

Wheat—79½c. Corn—22¾c. Oats—16½c. Rye—37½c.

Cincinnati.

Wheat—No. 2 red, 94½c. Corn—No. 2 mixed, 21½c. Oats—No. 2 mixed, 18@19½c. Rye—No. 2, 35@36c.

Lard—$3 60. Bulk meats—$4 00. Bacon—$4 62½.

Hogs—$2 75@3 45. Cattle—$2 25@4 50. Sheep—$2 25@3 75. Lambs—$3 25@5 00.

Buffalo.

Cattle—Market strong.

Hogs—Yorkers, $3 55@3 60; pigs, $3 65@3 70; heavy, $3 45; mediums, $3 50; market closed 5@10c higher for Yorkers.

Sheep and Lambs—Best lambs, $5 15@5 30; sheep, $3 15@3 75.

Toledo.

Wheat—95c. Corn—22½c. Rye—38c. Oats—17¾c. Cloverseed—$5 50.

Highest of all in Leavening Strength.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report.

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

WORSE THAN REPORTED.

The Blocton Wreck Was More Serious Than at First Supposed.

Birmingham, Ala., Jan. 2.—At the undertakers in this city there yet remains two charred bodies taken from the wreck of last Sunday which have not been identified. It is the general impression that these bodies are the remains of S. W. Tibbs and wife, who were on the train and are still missing.

The body of Tom Gleadall is still missing nor has the body of Sam Weaver of Aldrich, Ala., who was on the ill-fated train, been found. There is little prospect of finding either of these bodies, and it now appears there were at least five more killed than originally reported.

NEW YEAR'S RECEPTION.

It Proved to Be a Wedding of More Than Ordinary Interest.

Kalamazoo, Mich., Jan. 2.—Miss Caroline J. Bartlett, the celebrated pastor of the People's church of this city, and Dr. A. W. Crane, a prominent physician of Kalamazoo, were married in the People's church by the Rev. Jenkin Lloyd Jones, pastor of All Souls' church, Chicago, before a large audience. The ceremony was a complete surprise to the hundreds of people who had gathered in response to an invitation sent out by Miss Bartlett for a New Year's reception. The bride will still remain pastor of the People's church.

JEALOUS OF EACH OTHER.

Populists and Democrats of Nebraska May Have Trouble.

Lincoln, Neb., Jan. 2.—The proposed caucus of the fusion members of the legislature is an important topic of discussion. The Populists are anxious for such a caucus and an early one, but the Democrats know themselves to be in the minority and are not so enthusiastic. The Populists promise to tote fair, but the Democrats remember they only got one state office from the Populist convention.

The Case Dismissed.

Denver, Jan. 2.—The case of the United States against the Union Pacific railway has been dismissed by Judge Hallett in the United States district court. This action was brought by the government on behalf of 2,300 people for the purpose of clearing titles to land purchased from the railroad secured by the government grants. Judge Hallett also declined to issue an order compelling the Union Pacific, Denver and Gulf to pay taxes on Pullman cars used by the railroad company in Colorado.

The Colonel's Man Convicted.

Barberville, Ky., Jan. 2.—Joseph Adkins, on trial for the murder of Judge Combs at Hazzard, Perry county, several years ago, was declared guilty by the jury and sentenced to a life term in the penitentiary. It was his third trial and he was brilliantly defended by Colonel W. C. P. Breckinridge.

Governor Black Inaugurated.

Albany, Jan. 2.—Frank S. Black of Rensselaer county was inaugurated as governor of New York. The ceremony took place in the assembly chamber of the capitol and was witnessed by a large assemblage. Governor Levi P. Morton delivered an address of considerable length.

Praying For Big Money.

Frankfort, Ind., Jan. 2.—A. J. Miller, who has been blind for some time made a standing offer of $50,000 for the restoration of his eyesight. Dr. Bradley, faith curist of Chicago, has been praying with Miller for a week in an effort to secure the big fee.

Important Sale of Coffee.

Hamburg, Jan. 2.—There was an important sale here of 24,000 bags of Brazilian coffee on board of steamers now in this harbor. The coffee is believed to be a consignment of the Brazilian government in lieu of bills to pay the interest on the Brazilian debt.

Salisbury Is Satisfied.

London, Jan. 2.—The officials of the foreign office deny that the Marquis of Salisbury disapproves of any features of the proposed general arbitration between the United States and Great Britain, as reported from New York.

Ex-Congressman Cutler Dead.

Morristown, N. J., Jan. 2.—Ex-Congressman Augustus W. Cutler died at his residence in this place from the effects of a surgical operation for appendicitis. He was born in 1835 and was a life-long Democrat.

A Safe Looted.

Gallipolis, O., Jan. 2.—The general merchandise store of J. H. Hanley at Applegrove was entered by burglars. The safe was blown open and about $2,000 in money was stolen, besides stamps and valuable papers.

Charles Elliott Sentenced.

Omaha, Jan. 2.—Charles H. Elliott, who killed Guy Hutsonpiller, was sentenced to life imprisonment, with each anniversary of his crime in solitary confinement.

INQUEST OVER M'CULLAGH.

Testimony Shows He Attempted Suicide on Previous Occasions.

St. Louis, Jan. 2.—The inquest on the body of J. H. McCullagh, late editor of the Globe-Democrat, whose remains were found under his bedroom window, was held.

It developed the startling fact, through the testimony of Dr. C. H. Hughes, Mr. McCullagh's physician, that the deceased made what was at the time believed to be an attempt at suicide on Dec. 21 last. On that day Dr. Hughes testified he called on Mr. McCullagh and left with him a four ounce bottle containing two ounces of digitalis, a powerful heart tonic, an overdose of which would have the effect of paralyzing the action of the heart. The same night Mr. McCullagh took one ounce of the medicine, enough to have caused death, but which, owing to the weak condition of his stomach was immediately rejected.

When Mr. Hughes called again he was greatly alarmed and asked Mr. McCullagh if he had taken that amount, an evasive answer being given. Dr. Hughes testified that he was satisfied Mr. McCullagh had not taken the medicine by mistake.

The physician at once connected the startling circumstances with a conversation had with Mr. McCullagh shortly before, in which the latter spoke of the death of Abraham Lincoln, saying that he died at a good time, and that when any man outlived his usefulness it was time for him to go.

Dr. Hughes then testified as to Mr. McCullagh's strange and evasive manner on the day preceding his death, and concluded his testimony with the positive statement that his impression was that the case was one of suicide.

Liveryman Louis C. Bohle, the closest personal friend of the deceased, was also to have testified, but as he failed to appear, the examination was continued.

Mrs. McKee, daughter of the original proprietor of the Globe-Democrat, accompanied by a friend, went out to Bellefontaine cemetery and selected a location for the grave of the deceased, which was in the McKee family lot.

A massmeeting of newspaper men will be held for the purpose of taking appropriate action on the death of Mr. McCullagh.

The funeral will be very simple. The eight pallbearers have been selected from the heads of departments of the Globe-Democrat. The list of honorary pallbearers has not been made out yet, but it will consist of leading citizens of St. Louis, principally representing the Republican party.

PINGREE INAUGURATED.

The Ceremonies Are Devoid of Speechmaking and Parades.

Lansing, Mich., Jan. 2.—Precedent and form were thrown to the winds in the inauguration of Governor Hazen S. Pingree and the other state officers.

A comfortable crowd of curious people had gathered in the executive office and parlors at the Capitol. Mr. Pingree arrived accompanied by Mrs. Pingree and a coterie of personal friends. He entered the executive parlors, accompanied by retiring Governor Rich and Commissioner French of the state land office. At noon Chief Justice Long of the supreme court administered the oath of office.

An introduction followed by the chief justice and all present shook hands with and congratulated the new governor. Thus began the gubernatorial career of a man who is considered one of the most unique personalities in the United States and who holds at the same time the office of mayor of Detroit and governor.

Governor Pingree is the avowed champion of various state reforms, chief of which is the securing of a uniform 2-cent rate from the railroads and the railroad department is being organized to that end.

Cut In Wages.

Waltham, Mass., Jan. 2.—A general cutdown in wages in the iron foundry of Davis & Farnum went into effect. The cut ranges from 2 to 25 cents and affects over 500 men. The fact that the large foundries in Pennsylvania and the west have commenced to do their own small work, making it impossible for this firm to compete, is given as the cause.

Murderer Wright Hanged.

Wilmington, Del., Jan. 2.—Murderer Edward Wright was hanged at 10:30 a. m. On the night of July 30, 1896, Wright shot and killed Ira Crummel, colored, of whom he was jealous.

Desperate Triple Murder.

Atlanta, Jan. 2.—Theodore Flannigan shot and killed Mr. and Mrs. G. W. Allen, with whom he boarded, and also Miss Ruth Slack, a visitor.

Suicided by Hanging.

Lowell, O., Jan. 2.—Harvey Church, 55, suicided by hanging himself to a rafter in the barn of his sister, Mrs. Daniel C. Rule.

NEWSPAPER ARCHIVE® NEWSPAPER ARCHIVE®

NEW CULT IN KANSAS.

JUSTICE DOSTER AND HIS RADICAL IDEAS.

Head of the Supreme Court Is a Deep Thinker, Who Is Laying the Foundation For a New Order of Things—Character of the Man—Something About His Wife.

Marion, Kan., has become the Mecca for many visitors in the last few months because of the prominence attained by Judge Frank Doster, the chief justice elect of the state of Kansas. He has been acknowledged as the leader of Populist thought in the state, but he has gone beyond that and has a new cult that is strictly original and which has many elements of novelty that mark him as one destined to become one of the national figures in the party's future. Judge Doster is about 50 years old and has been practicing law on the plains for 30 years. He began when the town was a hamlet, and he has staid with it. In that time he has been judge of the district court and has made many addresses on various occasions. He is tall, sallow and reserved. He has a Melancthon face and is a hard student of political economy. He is not, strictly speaking, a Populist. He says that he indorses that belief because it is the nearest to him just now. A while ago he was a greenbacker for the same reason. He has been content to allow the pro-

JUDGE FRANK DOSTER.

cession to pass him, but when he was not expecting it the time came for him to reach out and take the highest office in the state.

In 1891 he made the declaration that "the rights of the user of property are paramount to those of the owner." It became famous among the radical thinkers of the west, and on it he rode into power. He now explains it as the basis of a new political school which he believes will rule the nation in a short time. It is a school devoted to the principle that the elevation of the loaning of money to the height of the chief business of mankind must stop.

"It is responsible for the disorder and the discontent of today," says he. "I believe that it would be better for the people of Kansas if they had been unable to borrow money, and I look to this money borrowing as one of the deepest causes of our troubles upon this earth."

He has a system of tenets upon which he believes a model society could be built. They are:

That only such things as a man uses for himself, as clothes, horses, tools, are his own; that the railways, bakeries and kindred things belong to the users.

That the privilege of owning large tracts of land and furnishing transportation, lighting and the like should belong to the government.

That because a man has invented a machine he may not be allowed to reap an exorbitant profit from it.

That there can be no relation between the laborer and the employer except in a division of profits.

That the proportionate profits of the user of the land should be more than that of the owner.

That speculation should be stopped.

Upon these stones Judge Doster, rearing his house and his high position in the state, has gained him a large following. He is not an oratorical leader, but he is perhaps the more cool in his deliberations on that account. He is the brains of the party's management and may be expected to impress others of his party as he has here among his own people. He lives in a small cottage needing paint and shingles, but it was here that the state came for its material for that high place to which it has elevated him. His clear methods of thought have led to this, and he is unquestionably the leader of his party in the west. In his analysis of the relation of capital and labor he places the latter far in the lead, and he does not hold that they are mutual. Use, he thinks, represents labor, and ownership represents capital. The person who submits his property to the public use must concede that the public is the user and has the paramount right to it in case of a disagreement. Of course this position is so strange that it is received with a great deal of criticism, but the judge defends his position ably.

In religion Judge Doster is an agnostic, and he is known as the man who never goes down town after supper. This is an unpardonable sin in the average western village, and his neighbors do not like it. They could hardly believe it when they heard that he was elevated to the supreme bench from the place of a humble country lawyer, and many of them are yet of the opinion that there must be some mistake.

Yet Judge Doster is hailed as the thinker of the Populist party and is in demand to outline new plans and political propositions. He is melancholy, never speaks unless spoken to, is excessively slender and has deep set eyes. He has no confidants and little humor. Yet he has made a great success as the world goes, and his friends say that the nation may as well get ready to hear from him. He is one of the men who will be prominent in Populist politics, and it would not be strange if his new cult were the chief matter of discussion in a few months. Coming from such high authority as the supreme bench, it has the best of starts. Careless of attire, unsociable and dignified, Judge Doster has won in spite of the very things that are supposed to retard the progress of individuals. He looks upon himself as a man of destiny and his theories as those of a man called to lead. In a quiet little cottage home he pursues his studies and awaits the dawning of his great hopes when the world shall receive his thought and he shall be its prophet.

Mr. Doster has a wife who is a help to him in every line of his work. When he came to the county, it was as the captain of a little company of troops who were sent out to guard the Santa Fe trail. He entered the service of his country when only 16, and he was charmed with the looks of the new lands. So, when his term of service expired, he came west. He has accumulated little of this world's goods. His home is a small cottage set on a hill in the outskirts of town. All around are the more pretentious houses of the merchants of the village. His frame cottage is in need of paint, and the front yard is in a state of unkept wildness. In the adjoining yard is a cow, and the pail hangs on the post near by, to show that the income of the family is not kept up entirely by the practice of the lawyer. Mrs. Doster has had several bouts with the ministers of the city over Scriptural things and has always been known as a ready debater.—Chicago Record.

A TAX ON BACHELORS.

Argentina Seeks to Drive Her Young Men Into Matrimony.

The news reaches us by way of England that a law has been passed by the parliament of Argentina putting a tax on celibacy. The text of the enactment has not yet arrived at the Argentina consulate, but its general features are given in a London dispatch.

Every unmarried male between the ages of 30 and 80 years falls under the provisions of the law. He must pay to the state a monthly tax, the amount of which is determined by circumstances over which he may or may not have control. In particularly heinous instances of single blessedness the mulct is heavy. Ordinary misdemeanants in celibacy escape more easily. There are a few conditions which may be pleaded in mitigation or complete abatement of damages. Priests are not taxed.

The law is aimed directly at men, but both sexes may be made to feel it. Of course the men are considered the chief offenders, since in negotiations leading to matrimony they are supposed to take the initiative. Moreover, they have all the money. But there are circumstances in which the women may be considered particeps criminis, accessories before or after the fact.

Thus the maid or widow who, having received the tender of a heart and hand, promises the suppliant to be a sister to him, must give to a competent court a good and sufficient reason or else pay a fine of $500, South American silver. What is worse, the fine money goes to the rejected suitor who makes complaint.

AFRAID OF VANDALISM.

The Objection to Having the Inaugural Ball In the Library Building.

An all absorbing controversy has arisen in Washington over the question of whether the new library building shall be used for the inaugural ball, and it may be necessary for Chairman Hanna to return here and issue definite and peremptory orders for the carrying out of his determination that the ball take place in the great rotunda of this beautiful building.

The objection now raised is that vandalism will run riot in the elaborately decorated halls, and the local papers are devoting several columns a day in discussing the question of whether or not the American people will endeavor to carry away the library building piecemeal. It is a fact that the most watchful vigilance is necessary on the part of the policemen in all the government buildings to keep them from being hacked to pieces by relic hunters, and as an inauguration crowd is the worst of its kind, perhaps the fear of those who take pride in preserving the public buildings from destruction is justifiable.

It is only a year ago that a pastor of an intelligent congregation in a large sized town, while sightseeing in Washington, was arraigned in the police court for having deliberately hacked a piece off the Washington monument with a hatchet. He was fined for the offense, after having said that he was tempted into the deed by his bride.

How McKinley Will Travel.

In his triumphal trip to Washington for the inauguration President Elect McKinley will use car No. 38 of the Panhandle, tendered by General Superintendent Miller more than two years ago. At that time Major McKinley made a trip over the country in Mr. Miller's car, and while en route to Chicago on the trip Mr. Miller told the major that if he was elected president, which he thought was sure to come about, he wanted the major to make use of his car in going to Washington. After election Mr. Miller reminded the major of his promise, and Mr. McKinley accepted the car.—Cincinnati Commercial Tribune.

Like a Summer Cruise.

Sweden will send an expedition to Konig Karl's Land, east of Spitzbergen, next summer, which will also explore the other islands and the undiscovered region between Spitzbergen and Franz Josef Land. Last year's rush to Spitzbergen shows that the difficulties of such an expedition are little more than those of a summer cruise.

New Way to Pay Old Debts.

By washing clothes at the undertaker's the second wife of a Bangor (Me.) man is paying off the bill for the burial of her predecessor.

Boils

It is often difficult to convince people their blood is impure, until dreadful carbuncles, abscesses, boils, scrofula or salt rheum, are painful proof of the fact. It is wisdom now, or whenever there is any indication of

Impure

blood, to take Hood's Sarsaparilla, and prevent such eruptions and suffering.

"I had a dreadful carbuncle abscess, red, fiery, fierce and sore. The doctor attended me over seven weeks. When the abscess broke, the pains were terrible, and I thought I should not live through it. I heard and read so much about Hood's Sarsaparilla, that I decided to take it, and my husband, who was suffering with boils, took it also. It soon purified our

Blood

built me up and restored my health so that, although the doctor said I would not be able to work hard, I have since done the work for 20 people. Hood's Sarsaparilla cured my husband of the boils, and we regard it a wonderful medicine." MRS. ANNA PETERSON, Latimer, Kansas.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Is the One True Blood Purifier. All druggists. $1.

Hood's Pills cure liver ills, easy to take, easy to operate. 25 cents.

A RECORD BREAKER.

This Is a New Style Fish Story, and It's a Good One.

Lew Emmet, proprietor of a grocery store and fish market in Greensburg, Ind., while angling in a creek Saturday caught three peculiar fish the like of which he had never before seen, but which resembled the pickerel. He hurried with them to his store, where he has in his show window an aquarium, and launched them again in a watery home. Previous to their occupancy of the glass tank a school of goldfish and silver shiners were in undisputed sway. The following morning, however, all the old inhabitants were dead, and the surface of the water was covered with small bubbles. But the newcomers were as lively as ever.

Mr. Emmet took the dead fish from the aquarium, and, believing that their dead bodies had caused the impurity of the water, he drained the tank and again filled it from the cistern. But bubbles came to the surface again, and the puzzled man was forced to the belief that it was the unusual nature of the new fish that caused them. During Monday he was by the side of the tank much of his spare time, and finally reached into the water to catch one of his new pets. The moment one of them came in contact with his hand he felt a shock, as if from an electric battery. When he had recovered from his surprise, it occurred to him that he had experienced no such sensation when he took the fish from his book on the bank of the creek. One of the many neighboring tradesmen suggested that the electric fish—by common consent they were so called—exercised the faculty of shocking people only when under water. To prove this theory a pair of tongs which did service in the days of grate wood fires were brought out, and between the points one of the fish was brought into the open air. Mr. Emmet touched the scaly side of the fish, but there was no sensation like the one he had before experienced.

The merchant was not slow in putting his discovery to practical use. He coiled a wire around the tank and made a connection to the electric light wires in his store. The current from the city plant was disconnected, and it was found that the fish served the purpose as well. In addition to being his electric lighting plant Mr. Emmet's electric fish are also a great attraction, for people from miles around come to see the wonders.—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

A Farm Where Snails Are Raised.

Over in Switzerland the people are very fond of snails—almost as fond as the American boy is of mince pie. It long ago became impossible for even sharp eyed snail hunters to find all the snails they could sell, and so some of the clever Swiss have started snail farms. As you may imagine, they are odd places, only a few rods square and divided into small parts, separated by fences about two feet high, with nails along the top to prevent the snails from running away. Little arbors of moss are provided for the snails as shelter from the sun, for snails do not like the sun. If there is not lime or chalk in the earth of the farm, the farmer sprinkles it about. Snails eat cabbage, salad, nettles and dandelion. They seem to be most hungry after a rain.

The harvest time for snails is the latter part of August or the first of September. Then the snails are sorted out. Those having round white houses are considered fat and are the most valuable. They are packed in boxes containing soft hay for shipment, and they sell for high prices.—Chicago Record.

Blood Is Life.

It is the medium which carries to every nerve, muscle, organ and fibre its nourishment and strength. If the blood is pure, rich and healthy you will be well; if impure, disease will soon overtake you. Hood's Sarsaparilla has power to keep you in health by making your blood rich and pure.

Hood's Pills are easy to take, easy to operate. Cure indigestion, biliousness. 25c.

TRAINED IN NAVAL WARFARE

Man's Mind Cannot Rise Superior to the Terrors of Battle.

An expert, writing to the London Daily Mail on the importance of securing well trained men for naval service, says:

"To resume the subject of the importance of having enough men trained to the working of battleships, we all know that in sudden emergencies, or when any great mental trial is upon us, we are apt to act irrationally. An untrained cockswain in a bumping race, when he is overlapped by the boat behind, will as likely as not do the wrong thing. He is not accustomed instinctively to do the right. Instinct can only result from habit in these matters, and this is where training comes in. The crew of the 6 inch quick firer, if they are trained men, will handle the weapon correctly, because they have done the same thing a thousand times, and because, whatever their minds are thinking of, their hands perform the right movements unconsciously. And battle is the most terrible trial of the nerves and mind imaginable.

"Firing heavy guns loaded with shot or shell, weapons which show by the shock and noise of their discharge their enormous power of injury, is in itself a thing which requires nerve. How much more so when there is a ceaseless crash of the enemy's projectiles arriving, the sight of the dead and the dying—for the wounded may have to lie where they fall—and perhaps an ominous tilt of the ship, to appall the timid!

"A man does not cease to be a man because he puts on a uniform. Blue cloth and brass buttons do not ward off death or make dying easier. Character gives courage, and military or naval training is, apart from the mechanical education, a strengthening of character. He who thinks a man-of-war's man can be made in a week or a month overlooks this most essential point and can never have been on board a warship.

"Below deck this is as much the case as upon deck. Smartness in passing up ammunition may often decide a battle. Nor is it easy for untrained men to work in the stifling heat and acrid atmosphere of the hold when all openings in the armor deck have been closed. I have seen even the seasoned sickened by the heat and smell of a submerged torpedo room. And the very closing of all the openings in the deck is and must be unnerving to the men, who see their escape cut off. The maintenance of discipline will be difficult in the extreme with many untrained men below the water line. The commissioned officers at these posts of danger will have to be good men, and they cannot be everywhere. If either officers or men are of inferior quality, unaccustomed to their duties or imperfectly imbued with mutual confidence and esprit de corps, there will be anarchy below the armor deck, with, as its consequence, paralysis of the combatants above."

Snubbed the Emperor.

Dr. Temple, the archbishop of Canterbury, is perhaps the one man living who has refused to yield to the will of the emperor of Germany. When the latter was visiting England, says a writer in the Boston Transcript, he sent a request to Dr. Temple to call upon him. The time of the bishop of London is always fully occupied. Every quarter of an hour in the day has its appointed work. To make even a formal call on the emperor of Germany at a time when, owing to his visit, passenger and vehicular travel was almost at a standstill in the streets of London meant the giving up of nearly a whole day, every minute of which was filled up with most important episcopal engagements. Actuated, therefore, by a high sense of duty, Bishop Temple declined to go, saying it was impossible for him to comply with the emperor's request. The bearer of the message was thunderstruck at these words, and said, "My Lord, neither I nor anybody else ever conveyed such an answer to the emperor of Germany!" "I cannot help it," said Bishop Temple; "you must convey it now." And he never made the desired call.

On the Manufacture of English.

The editor has one prime source of gratification—he can manufacture his own language. He is superior to the dictionary. To him the queen's English is a mere phrase. He insists on the use of editor's English. I have known him give stern instructions that the word "while" must be written for "whilst;" that "jeopardy" was quite inadmissible—it should be "jeopard;" that "staunch" should be spelled "stanch," and that "no fewer than" must always supersede the stupid phrase "no less than" in his columns. He has (very justly) asserted that there is no such word as "reliable" and that the word "transpired" is a vulgarism.—Gentleman's Magazine

The pleasantest, safest and most efficient remedy known for every kind of cough, lagrippe, influenza, etc. Safe for all ages. Does not sicken or disagree with the stomach. The formula has been used very extensively by the most noted physicians in the hospitals of London, Paris and New York with the very best of success. It is now known as

DR. KAY'S LUNG BALM

Mrs. Hannah Shepard, 304 N. 16th Street, Omaha, Neb., writes: "Four years ago I had Lagrippe and coughed almost continually ever since. I tried several doctors and various cough medicines, but could get no relief. One package Dr. Kay's Lung Balm cured me entirely." Sold by druggists or sent by mail for 25 cts. Send address for very valuable free booklet. [Western Office] DR. E. J. KAY MEDICAL CO., 620 S. 16th St., Omaha, Neb.

SOLD BY

HARLEY PHARMACY, LIMA, OHIO.

Consumption Cured.

BROUGHT BACK FROM THE GRAVE.

Last November Mr. Joseph James, painter, of 325 W. Pearl St., Indianapolis, Ind., was at death's door with quick consumption. Wasted to a skeleton; his lungs a mass of ulceration; his death was hourly awaited by his doctor and family. He was kept in a constant stupor with opium. A friend, thinking to relieve his terrible cough, gave him a bottle of Brazilian Balm. Seeing its wonderful effect, the doctor advised its continued use. Mr. James soon after dismissed his doctor, and depended on the Balm alone. His recovery was rapid and complete, and in February he returned to work. His lungs are sound, and his weight greater than at any time in his life. His recovery is regarded as almost a miracle.

COMMA BACILLUS.

In consumption beware of cough mixtures and prescriptions that contain opium. Opium paralizes the nerves, and gives the comma bacillus a good chance to destroy the lungs. It is always fatal. Brazilian Balm does not contain a trace of any opiate, but stimulates the nerves with new life and power, destroys the microbe, and restores all that is left of the diseased lungs to a sound and healthy state which no other remedy has ever been known to accomplish.

A MEAN COUPLE.

They Make a Good Livelihood by Getting Married Often.

One of the meanest confidence games on record is that which was played by a well dressed man and woman upon clergymen of several towns along the sound shore. The couple first appeared in Branford, Conn., where they visited the town clerk and procured a marriage license. Then they went to the house of a clergyman and were married. The groom after the ceremony handed the parson a $20 bill and told him to take $5 for his services. The minister did so and gave the newly wedded husband $15 in change.

The couple left on the next east bound train, got off at Guilford and went through the same performance there. In all they visited five towns between Clinton and New London, were married in each town and worked off five $20 counterfeit bills.—New York Press.

Production of Gold.

The latest mint report shows that this country produced last year nearly a fourth of the world's entire gold product. The increase since 1885 is over a third of the total production of that year.—New York World.

'Tis Midnight!

Hark! All through the house rings the awful sound, once heard never forgotten, the sound of a child's croup cough. There is no time to lose. Croup is a monster that will not be trifled with. Then is the time that if you have neglected to provide yourself with a bottle of Dr. Hand's Cough and Croup Medicine you fully realize how careless and neglectful you have been. It is worth its weight in gold at that critical moment. And yet it costs only 25c a bottle at any drug store.

S. F. Fritz, of 677 Sedgwick street, Chicago, says: "I had a severe cough which settled on my lungs. I tried a number of advertised remedies and also placed myself under treatment of several physicians, with no benefit. I was recommended to try Foley's Honey and Tar. With little expectation of getting relief, I purchased a bottle. I had taken but few doses when I felt greatly improved; I was enabled to sleep, spitting of blood ceased, and by the time I had taken the second bottle I was entirely well. It saved my life." H. F. Vortkamp, n. e. cor. Main and North streets.

The Grecian Portrait.

The Grecian portrait seems the perfection of the human type to us, and artists copy it, although it is actually rare. In it the line of the nose is more or less perfectly the prolongation of the line of the forehead. The hollow at the root of the nose is almost effaced, and the prominence of the nose is softened. The absolute Grecian profile would therefore be represented in a drawing by a single continuous line for the forehead and nose. Yet another condition is essential for obtaining the fine Grecian profile. The forehead should not be receding. This marks the distinction between the Grecian and the Egyptian profile.—Popular Science Monthly.

Put an end to misery. Doan's Ointment will cure the worst case of Itching Piles there ever was, and do it almost instantly. Years of suffering relieved in a single night. Get Doan's Ointment from your dealer.

Yes, 'tis true;
Foley's Honey and Tar
Is the best Cough Medicine.
H. F. Vortkamp, n. e. cor. Main and North streets.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

Case No. 6321

Ex. Doc. 9. Page 301.

Nancy Breese, Plaintiff, vs. Charles W. Mayer, Defendant. } Allen Common Pleas

By virtue of an execution, issued from the Court of Common Pleas, of Allen County, Ohio, and to me directed, I will offer for sale on the premises occupied by Charles W. Mayer, about five miles southwest of Lima, Ohio, in Shawnee township, on

TUESDAY, JANUARY 12th, A. D. 1897,

at 10 o'clock a. m., the following described goods and chattels, to-wit:

Three (3) cows, spotted red and white; one (1) two horse corn planter, one (1) old hay rake, one (1) old spring wagon, one (1) wood saw, one (1) grind stone, one (1) Deering binder, one (1) old Walter A. Wood binder, one (1) old harrow, one (1) black and white hog, one (1) iron kettle, one (1) hay ladder, one (1) small bunch of hay in shed, two (2) circular saws, one (1) old black mare, two (2) lots of corn in crib, four (4) old house rollers, one (1) new mower or reaper knife, one (1) mud boat, one (1) spring seat for wagon, one (1) small pile of brick, two (2) small piles of stone, one (1) strand of sleigh bells, one (1) cross cut saw, one (1) old box wood stove.

And immediately after selling the above described goods and chattels I will offer for sale, on the farm of Elias Bowsher, in Shawnee township, the following described goods and chattels, to wit:

One (1) Buckeye grain drill (new), one (1) mower, one (1) old cultivator, one (1) brown mare one (1) brown horse, one (1) two horse wagon, one (1) wood rack, and one (1) double set work harness.

All of above described goods and chattels taken as the property of Charles W. Mayer at suit of Nancy Breese.

Terms of Sale:—Cash.

AARON FISHER,
Sheriff, Allen County, Ohio.

Lima, Ohio, Dec. 29, 1896.
Cunningham & Adgate, plaintiff's attorneys. d&w

SHERIFF'S SALE.

Case No. 8662.

Ex. Doc. 9. Page 296.

The First National Bank of Lima, Ohio, Plaintiff, vs. Alice Showalter, et al., Defendants. } Allen Common Pleas.

By virtue of an order of sale, issued from the Court of Common Pleas, of Allen County, Ohio, and to me directed, I will offer for sale at the east door of the Court House in Lima, Allen County, Ohio, on

SATURDAY, JANUARY 30th, A. D. 1897,

Between the hours of one o'clock and four o'clock p. m., the following described lands and tenements, situate on Second Street in the City of Lima, Allen County, State of Ohio, and described as follows, to-wit:

Inlot number thirty seven hundred and thirty-six—3736—in Hughes' Sub-division of Inlots in Hughes' Second Addition to the City of Lima, in said County and State.

Appraised at $800 00.
Terms of sale—Cash.

AARON FISHER, Sheriff,
Allen County, Ohio.

Lima, Ohio, December 24th, 1896.
H. L. Brice, plaintiff's attorney.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

Case No. 8423.

Ex. Doc. 9. Page 7.

Thomas L. Davis, Plaintiff, vs. Dennis Day, Defendant. } Allen Common Pleas.

By virtue of an execution, issued from the Court of Common Pleas, of Allen County, Ohio, and to me directed, I will offer for sale at the barn of Dennis Day in rear of No. 913 east High St., in the city of Lima, Ohio, on

WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 6th, A. D. 1897.

at 10 o'clock a. m., the following described goods and chattels, to-wit:

One (1) gray mare 9 years old, one (1) gray mare about 13 years old, one (1) gray mare 5 years old, one (1) red cow, one (1) black colt, one (1) light set double harness, two (2) sets double work harness, two (2) two-horse wagons, one (1) old buggy, one (1) two-horse dray

Taken as the property of Dennis Day at suit of Thomas L. Davis.

Terms of Sale—cash.

AARON FISHER, Sheriff,
Allen County, Ohio.

Lima, Ohio, December 24 1896.
E. N. Lewis, plaintiff's attorney.

Assignee's Sale of Real Estate.

In pursuance of an order of the Probate Court of Allen county, Ohio, I will offer for sale at public auction on

SATURDAY, JANUARY 16TH, 1897,

at one o'clock p. m., at the east door of the court house in said county and State, the following described real estate, to wit:

A part of the east half of the northwest quarter of section twenty-nine (29,) township three (3) south, range seven (7) east, described as follows:

Beginning at a point, marked by a peg, in the center of the Findlay road 1380 feet in a northeasterly direction from a stone where the center line of north Sugar street crosses the center line of the Findlay road; thence north 1521 feet; thence east 1330 feet; thence south 1287 feet; thence along the center line of the Findlay road south 80 degrees west 1336 feet to the point of beginning, containing 42 25-100 acres of land, more or less, all in Allen County, Ohio.

Appraised at $1168.75.
Terms of sale—Cash.

JOHN M. BOOSE,
Trustee of Peter M. Boose.

Jason G. Lamison, Attorney for John M. Boose. 12 17-4wks

Notice of Appointment.

Estate of Samuel A. Black, deceased.

The undersigned has been appointed and qualified as administrator, with wl annexed, of the estate of Samuel A. Black, late of Allen County, Ohio, deceased

Dated this 14th day of December, A. D. 1896.

GEORGE L. HUMSTON,
Administrator.

The Northern Ohio Railway Company—Notice.

The annual meeting of the stockholders of The Northern Ohio Railway Company, for the election of directors and the transaction of such other business as may properly come before said meeting, will be held at the office of Wheeler & Brice, Lima, Ohio, Monday, January 11th, 1897.

Transfer books will be closed December 23d, 1896, at 3 o'clock p. m., and be reopened January 12th, 1897, at 9 o'clock a. m.

W. E. HACKENDORN, Sec'y.

Lima, Ohio, December 10th, 1896. tt

The Rosy Freshness

And a velvety softness of the skin is invariably obtained by those who use Pozzoni's Complexion Powder.

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®
NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

WOOD . .

TO BURN!

Plenty of that splendid

ASH STOVE WOOD

At the South Lima Handle Factory.

Better have a couple of loads in your cellar before the weather gets very cold.

Sometimes the gas pressure is not heavy, and cold meals can only be avoided by using wood to assist the gas.

ORDER : IT : NOW.

TELEPHONE NO. 91.

Factory Corner Tanner and Kibby Streets.

Read

A newspaper that serves the news when you want it. That is what

The Daily Times-Democrat

Does every evening. Subscribe for it

And You Will Get

All the local and general news of the day, concisely and accurately told. We publish

All the News.

Ten cents a week by carrier.

WORTHY TRIBUTE

To Dr. Wheeler and the Product of His Life's Labor and Research.

Dr. WHEELER'S NERVE VITALIZER

If you seek for a reason for the unquestionable popularity of Dr. Wheeler's Nerve Vitalizer, you learn that it is due wholly to the merit of the preparation in making sick nerves strong and vigorous and through them the organs active and healthy.

It has reached the pinnacle of success in the science of medicine and is without a rival. This fact is proven by the thousands who have regained health by it after thorough tests, and failures of other Nervines, Compounds and Sarsaparillas.

No claim is made for Dr. Wheeler's Nerve Vitalizer that is not accompanied by convincing evidence. In this case Geo. S. Beck, River Styx, O., furnishes the proof. He says: "Dr. Wheeler's Nerve Vitalizer is certainly a wonderful remedy. Less than one bottle cured my wife of sleeplessness and nervousness of a very serious nature. I, myself, had a very uncomfortable time from the effect of LaGripp, which was an aggravating nervous trouble. Sometimes I felt as if I would rather be dead than alive to endure it. One bottle of Dr. Wheeler's Nerve Vitalizer cured me and I gained twenty-five pounds in a very short time. I could add several pages to this stating the merits of the remedy from my own observation. I would not be without it in my house if possible to get it."

It is a specific for sick nerves.

Sold by C. W. Heister, 58 Public Square.

LOCAL TIME CARD

Giving time of departure of trains from the various depots at Lima, Corrected June 22, 1896:

P., Ft. W. & C. R. R.

No. 4—Going East Daily .... 7 45 a m
" 36— " " .... 8 30 a m
" 20— " " ex. Sunday, 3 15 p m
" 8— " " .... 9 30 p m
" 2— " " Limited......10 50 p m
" 39—Going West, " ex. Sunday, 9 20 a m
" 9— " " .... 2 50 p m
" 31— " " .... 3 44 p m
" 15— " " .... 2 00 a m
" 51 " " Limited.... 3 33 a m

C., H. & D. R. R.

" 7—Going South, daily .... 2 25 a m
" 11— " " ex. Sunday 5 45 a m
" 1— " " " 9 20 a m
" 5— " " ....12 48 p m
" 3— " " .... 4 05 p m
" 13— "arrive dailyex, Sunday 7 15 p m
" 61— " Sunday only.... 7 15 a m
No. 12—Going North, daily .... 1 35 a m
" 14— " dailyex, Sunday 6 20 a m
" 2— " daily ex. Sunday 8 25 a m
" 6— " " 12 25 p m
" 4— " " ex Sunday 4 35 p m
" 10— " ex. Sun. arrive 8 50 p m
" 60— " Sunday only.... 7 45 a m
" 63— " " arrive 10 30 p m

L. E. & W. R. R.

No. 6—Going East, daily ex. Sunday..7 20 a m
" 4— " " " " " ...1 40 p m
" 2— " " " ..7 30 p m
" " Sunday only.........7 00 a m
Return ....9 30 p m
" 1— " West " ..9 35 a m
" 5— " " " " " ..4 50 p m
" 3— " " " ...2 45 a m

C. & E. R. R.

Local—Going East, daily ex. Sunday 7 00 a m
No. 2— " " " " " 3 30 p m
" 8— " " " 9 02 p m
" 12— " " " 2 46 a m
Local— " West, " " " 7 00 a m
No. 1— " " " " " 9 23 a m
" 5— " " " 11 23 a m
" 3— " " " " 12 37 p m
13 " " " " Monday 5 30 p m

OHIO SOUTHERN.

Leaves — Arrives
8 20 a m Daily, except Sunday 11 05 noon
35 p m " " " 5:05 p m

LIMA NORTHERN.

GOING NORTH.

No. 2—Express, leaves ....11:30 a m
No. 18—Local " ....12:15 p m
No. 30—Mixed " .... 8:30 a m
No. 4—Passenger " .... 5:10 p m

GOING SOUTH.

No. 1—Express, arrives .... 2:25 p m
No. 21—Mixed, " ....11:00 a m
No. 19—Local fr't, " .... 8:40 p m
No. 3—Passenger " .... 8:00 p m

DELIGHTFULLY ENTERTAINED.

Miss Gertrude Toy Entertains in Honor of Misses Elsie Durnell and Ada Milner.

Last evening at her home, Miss Gertrude Toy entertained thirty of her friends in honor of Miss Elsie Durnell, of Ft. Wayne, Ind., and Miss Ada Milner, of Columbus Grove, O. Games and music were the pastimes of the evening until 11 o'clock, when a delicious menu was served.

One thing is certain: It will not do to fool with a bad cold. No one can tell what the end will be. Pneumonia, catarrh, chronic bronchitis, if not consumption, invariably result from a neglected cold. It is surprising, too, that bad colds are so often neglected when one remembers how easily and at what little expense they may be cured. Chamberlain's Cough Remedy is always prompt and effectual, and costs but a trifle; 25 or 50 cents is a trifle as compared with the disastrous effects of a neglected cold. Mr. Abner Mercer, of Dilworthtown, Chester county, Pa., in speaking of this remedy, said: "Sometime ago I had a bad cold and cough. I tried almost everything. Finally Mr. Hunt, the druggist, recommended Chamberlain's Cough Remedy, and one 50 cent bottle of it cured me entirely." For sale by Melville, the druggist, old postoffice corner; C. W. Heister, 58 public square.

Annual Election.

The annual meeting of the Citizens' Loan and Building Co. will be held at the company's office on Friday evening, January 15th, 1897, at 7 o'clock for the election of officers and the transaction of such other business as may come before it.

GEORGE FELTZ, Sec'y.

Dated at Lima, Ohio, Dec. 15th, 1896.
tu-sa tt

Live Man Wanted

To assist local druggists in working up trade on the three great family remedies:—Dr. Kay's Renovator, Dr. Kay's Lung Balm and Kidneykura. An exceptional chance for the right man. Address Dr. B. J. Kay Medical Co., Omaha, Neb.

CAIRO NEWS.

Uncle Tommy Miller is on the sick list.

Albert Herr, of Bluffton, spent Sunday at Cairo.

Mrs. Birge spent a couple of days in Lima this week.

Misses Bessie and Wava Ewing are visiting in Findlay.

Mrs. Emma Clippinger entertained company during the holidays.

Mrs. Cotner returned home Saturday after several days absence.

Young men should be careful when they attend church, as to their conduct.

Mrs. J. E. Mell and son, of Bellefontaine, are visiting parents and friends here.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Hall, of Cleveland, spent Christmas with Mrs. Hall's parents.

Miss Ida Keil, of Lima, spent a couple of days here during the holidays, visiting old friends.

Mr. F. H. Downing has gone on a wedding trip to the Sunny South. But he isn't married yet.

There seems to be some special attraction in Cairo for the professor, as he is spending his vacation here.

Quite a number from Cairo attended the funeral of Miss Clara Miller, which was held Sunday morning from the Dunkard church.

The protracted meeting at the M. E. church, is still in progress, but seemingly with but little success. Rev. Noffsinger, of the Christian church, preached a splendid sermon there Sunday night.

One of the most remarkable cures of rheumatism on record is related by Mr. J. M. Thompson, postmaster at Decker's Point, Pa., as follows: "While out driving one day last winter I was caught in a cold rain. The next morning I was unable to move my head or arms, owing to an attack of inflammatory rheumatism. My clerk telephoned for a physician, but suggested that I use Chamberlain's Pain Balm, there being a bottle open on the counter. He rubbed the affected parts thoroughly with Pain Balm and built up a hot fire. I dozed off to sleep and when I awoke about half an hour later the pain had gone entirely, and I have not been troubled since. People come here from many miles around to buy Chamberlain's medicines." For sale by Melville, the druggist, old postoffice corner; C. W. Heister, 58 public square.

Humane Society Notice.

On account of our last meeting occurring on New Year's night the Humane society will not meet until its next regular meeting night, the third Friday in January.

MRS. GERMANN, Sec.

Something to Know.

It may be worth something to know that the very best medicine for restoring the tired out nervous system to a healthy vigor is Electric Bitters. This medicine is purely vegetable, acts by giving tone to the nerve centres in the stomach, gently stimulates the Liver and Kidneys, and aids these organs in throwing off impurities in the blood. Electric Bitters improves the appetite, aids digestion, and is pronounced by those who have tried it as the very best blood purifier and nerve tonic. Try it. Sold for 50c or $1 00 per bottle at H. F Vortkamp's drug store, northeast corner Main and North streets.

Notice of Meeting.

The annual meeting of the stockholders of the Metropolitan Bank of Lima will be held in the banking rooms of said company in the Metropolitan bank, on Wednesday, January 13, 1897, at ten o'clock a. m, for the election of a board of directors and the transaction of such other business as may come before the meeting.

12-17 tt W. H. DUFFIELD, Cashier.

The Oldest Singer.

Flushing, N. Y., is the home of the oldest singer in America. His name is David L. Horton, and though 91 years old his voice is in splendid condition, and he is considered the best bass singer on Long Island. Mr. Horton led the church choir in Southold for 50 years and is locally famous as an evangelist. He has devoted his life to sacred music and song. He appeared in the opera house at Flushing the other night and entertained a large audience as the central figure in a children's cantata.

Water Mysteriously Moved.

Half way between the clubhouse and the Grand Rapids and Indiana depot at Traverse City, Mich., there is an area of water about 100 feet square which is frequently raised by some mysterious power to a height of three or four feet, looking like a mixture of froth and sawdust. The water is only six feet deep naturally, and as the theory of a subterranean opening is discredited no one can explain the phenomenon.

Two Schools of Beaver.

On the lands of Judge Russell and John Foster, on the banks of the little Niangua river, Missouri, are two schools of beaver, six in one school and eight in the other. The judge and Mr. Foster will not allow interference with the animals.

Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup seems sent as a special providence to little folks. Pleasant to take, perfectly harmless, absolutely sure to give instant relief in all cases of cold or lung trouble.

NONE SUCH
MINCE MEAT
makes mince pies, fruit cake and pudding possible all the year 'round. Always fresh, always in season. Always good, that's the reason. Accept no substitute. Sold everywhere.
Send name and address for booklet, "Mrs. Popkins' Thanksgiving," by a noted humorous writer.
MERRELL-SOULE CO., Syracuse, N. Y.

THE NEXT SPEAKERSHIP.

There Will Probably Be Four Nominees For the Office.

It is the intention of the silver Republicans in the house to keep a distinct organization in the future. Unless it is decided to change their tactics the silver Republicans intend to hold a caucus when the next congress meets and to vote for a nominee for speaker. The Populists will do the same thing, and the outlook is that there will be four full fledged nominees for speaker of the next house. Several silver men in the house said to a reporter that either Representative Newlands of Nevada or Representative Hartman of Montana will be selected as the nominee. Of course they understand that the vote will be simply complimentary, but they intend to cast it.

Representative Bell of Colorado was referred to in the house the other day as the Populist nominee for speaker. The Populists will decide this in caucus. Mr. Bell and Mr. Skinner are the men now spoken of. The Populists will not meet often in caucus with their late allies. They will caucus by themselves. The talk about the silver Republicans is significant as showing that they will not tie themselves to either the Democratic or Populist party.

The Republicans will nominate Reed for speaker, and the Democrats will have a hot little contest to decide who shall be honored by a complimentary vote for the same position.—Washington Star.

No Butter Served.

Questioned about the use of bread and butter plates, Sherry raised his hand in significant protest. "Absolutely never! I do not own a butter plate. I never—this is irrevocable—serve butter at any dinner or supper which I stand sponsor for. Why should I? Everything is accompanied by its own sauce or relish, always sufficiently rich, and butter is as unnecessary as the traditional fifth cartwheel. It is never used at the private tables of those New York families who live correctly. Occasionally I have a protest. I did not long ago, after a dinner on which I pride myself each year. One of the guests, a man, came to me to give an order, saying at the same time that he had recently dined here and was much disappointed. Of course I urged an explicit statement, and he finally told me that first there was no butter, to which I pleaded guilty, but explained that my rule in that particular was invariable."—New York Times.

Should Study the Horse.

Berlin equestrian statues have been examined by a veterinary surgeon of Potsdam named Boogert, who asserts that the position of the horses' legs is wrong in all of them, not excepting the statues of the Great Kurfurst, of Frederick the Great and of Frederick William III and IV. He finds the same faults in many of the paintings in the Berlin National gallery. In Egyptian, Assyrian, Babylonian and Persian works of art the positions of the horses are natural and right. In those of the Greeks and Romans they are not always correct. The equestrian statues of the two Balbi, father and son, in the Naples museum have the legs of the horses in the proper position.

Borax.

While prospecting near Death valley, in Arizona, a miner and his friend discovered the dead body of a horse which had been lying for some time upon the crude borax deposits. As they were nearly dying from thirst, they cut into the flesh in order to moisten their lips with the blood. Much to their surprise, they found that both flesh and blood were quite sweet owing to their preservation by the borax. This incident led to an investigation of the properties of borax and its final adoption by the medical faculty as an antiseptic agent of great value.

The Fly's Mouth.

The fly's eating apparatus is really a sucker of very large proportions when compared with the size of the animal. If the mouth of a man were of the same proportionate size as that of the fly, his head would have to be enlarged about two feet on every side to accommodate his lips and teeth.

Too True.

"If you had the nerve this tooth has," said the dentist to the quivering wretch in the chair, "you could have this all over in about five seconds."—Chicago Tribune.

Mere Vague Assumption.

"She is a Daughter of the Revolution?"

"Sister, I believe."—Indianapolis Journal.

Quick Action.

Men may come and men may go, but the woman who uses a kerosene can on a slow fire always goes.—Philadelphia Ledger.

The standard measures of Great Britain are preserved in the archives of parliament.

Others have found health, vigor and vitality in Hood's Sarsaparilla, and it surely has power to help you also. Why not try it?

PORK, BEARS, MATRIMONY.

A Curious Combination and Its Surprising Effect on the World.

It has been discovered that the produce market has a very marked effect upon matrimony. It seems odd that the price of pork and bacon should influence the bachelor and maid to a great extent, but it is unquestionably a fact.

It is by no means the rule that the influence of the market extends only to the broker and his sweetheart, for to all classes a desire in any way dependent upon the prices received for the articles that go to make up this market the situation brings either joy or sorrow.

The general average of marriage, choosing a point between the minimum and maximum, is 12 persons to every 1,000. This seems a remarkably small proportion, and yet, the world over, considering, of course, only civilized countries, carefully compiled statistics show this to be only a fair average.

It is interesting to note the relation of the ages of men and women who enter into the married state, as showing the age of woman preferred by man in the various stages of his journey through life. For instance, on a basis of 1,000, 18 men or boys, aged from 15 to 18, prefer girls of their own years. From 20 to 24, 416 young men have the same preferences. A young man whose age may be anywhere from 25 to 29 prefers a young woman of about the same age as his next younger brother.

From 30 to 34 a marked preference is exhibited by the man for a woman of from 25 to 29 years old. These last two are in the proportion of 315 and 115 to 1,000. The man who marries between 35 and 39 years of age prefers a woman 25 to 29, in a proportion of 51 to every 1,000.

When the man from 40 to 44 decides it is not good to live alone, 30 out of every 1,000 search for a woman of from 35 to 39 years. When the male reaches 45 to 49 years and looks for a wife, 19 out of every 1,000 prefer her years should range from 35 to 39. And these ages seem to be the choice of all the men who marry after that period of their existence is reached.

To the question of marriage one natural sequence is divorce. These will average about 20 per cent of the marriages, and the application for divorce comes as often from the man as it does from the woman.

Dividing 1,000 spinsters into seven groups of ages, the proportion of those who marry at the various ages is as follows: From 15 to 19, 104; from 20 to 24, 530; from 25 to 29, 247; from 30 to 34, 73; from 35 to 39, 26; from 40 to 44, 11; after 45, 9; total, 1,000.

It needs no very discerning eye to see that the golden age of woman, so far as marriage is concerned, is from the twentieth to the twenty-fourth year, inclusive. As a matter of fact, nine out of every ten single women who marry do so before they reach the age of 30. A fact noticed among the results of marriages is that most children are the offspring of women aged from 20 to 40, and of men aged from 25 to 45.

A careful analysis of the marriage conditions in all civilized countries—that is, countries where a man has only one wife at a time—shows that 80 per cent of men from 20 to 24 years old are single. The percentage of men who enjoy single blessedness at the various ages of life is as follows: From 25 to 34, .34; from 35 to 44, .14; 45 to 54, .10; 55 to 64, .8; 65 and upward, .7. These figures show the proportionate number out of each 100.

Now as to the females. Of those whose ages range from 20 to 24, 70 per cent are single. Other percentages are: From 25 to 34, .32; 35 to 44, .16; 45 to 54, .12; 55 to 64, .11; 65 and upward, .10. This is also on the 100 basis.—New York Journal.

Artist May.

Phil May, the English artist, is a youngish looking man, whose very physiognomy, with the strong chin and prominent underlip gripping the other lip tightly, so to speak, gives one the impression of a reserve and taciturnity which on further acquaintance one finds is well founded. He is generous and good natured to a degree, but to his friends as well as to the interviewer he is not a great talker, being in the general way an exceedingly good listener, a grim smile generally indicating his appreciation of what is being said, while you can feel that his sharp, rather "knowing" eyes are taking in everything, while his active brain is turning it to good account.

Trees.

Authorities on forestry say that 75 years are required for the oak to reach maturity; for the ash, larch and elm, about the same length of time; for the spruce and fir, about 80 years. After this time their growth remains stationary for some years, and then decay begins. There are, however, some exceptions to this, for oaks are still living which are known to be 1,000 years old.

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THE TIMES-DEMOCRAT has the largest circulation of any daily newspaper in north-western Ohio, outside the larger cities. It reaches into every portion of Lima and goes into every postoffice in Allen county. THE LIMA TIMES-DEMOCRAT is recognized as the people's paper, and as such is the most popular newspaper in the city. It is read yb every one in Lima, and its rapidly increasing list attests its superiority over all competitors.

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TIMES-DEMOCRAT PUB. CO.
LIMA, OHIO.

The official canvass of the vote of Maryland for President November 3 was completed yesterday, that being the last state. The total vote in the different states was 13,888,762. McKinley, Republican, received 7,161,-401; Bryan, Democrat, 6,470,656; Palmer, Gold Standard, 135,956; Levering, Prohibition, 130,560; Bentley, National, 14,392; Matchette, Social, 33,538. McKinley's plurality is 630,-745, and his majority over all 316,399. His majority in Ohio is 41,565, and his plurality over Bryan is 48,489.

The following table shows the votes cast in the several states for the principal candidates:

States.	M'Kinley	Bryan	Pal'e	Lev
Alabama	54,757	131,226	6,466	2 147
Arkansas	38,512	110,103	.....	838
California	146,588	144,786	.....	2 673
Colorado	26,271	161 269	.....	1,717
Connecticut	110 297	56 740	4 336	1,806
Delaware	20,372	15,679	989	35
Florida	10,889	31 517	1,629	726
Georgia	60,191	94,232	2 708	5 613
Idaho	6,324	23 192	.....	18
Illinois	607,130	465 614	6,949	9,796
Indiana	323,860	303 564	3,571	3,658
Iowa	289,293	223 741	4 516	3 192
Kansas	159,541	173 042	1,26	1 721
Kentucky	218 065	217 786	5,019	3,374
Louisiana	22,037	77,17	1 [illegible]	.....
Maine	80,425	35 10	1,364	1,5[illegible]
Maryland	136,978	104 74	2 507	5 92
Massach'tts	278,976	165,71	11,749	2 99
Michigan	253 377	237 251	6,[illegible]	4 968
Mississippi	4 849	63 258	1,02	89
Minnesota	193,503	139 786	3 210	4,36[illegible]
Missouri	304,940	363,65	2 35	2 119
Montana	10 484	42,686	.....	186
Nebraska	103,565	115 625	2,795	1,198
Nevada	1,938	8 377	.....	.....
N. Ham'hire	55 671	21 091	3,42	776
New Jersey	221,367	133 677	6,37	5 614
New York	819 838	551 369	19 29	16 05
N. Carolina	155,222	174,488	57	436
N. Dakota	26 335	20 628	.....	358
Ohio	525 984	477 46	1,85	5,167
Oregon	48 711	46 7[illegible]	9[illegible]	919
Pennsylv'ia	728,300	427 12	11,04	19 374
Rhode Isl'nd	36 437	14.45	1,16	1 16
S. Carolina	9 313	58 8[illegible]	82	.....
S. Dakota	41 042	41 [illegible]	.....	684
Tennessee	148,773	133 67	1 952	3,098
Texas	162 5[illegible]	368 2[illegible]	5 03	1,785
Utah	13,484	6[illegible]	21	.....
Vermont	50 991	10 6[illegible]	1,351	728
Virginia	135 361	155,988	2 21	2 347
Washington	38,574	51 64	14	968
W. Virginia	105 [illegible]	84,42	67	1,216
Wisconsin	268 135	165 62	4,59	7,569
Wyoming	10,064	10,74	.....	142
Totals	7,101,401	6 470,658	135,956	130,56

So confident is Richard Croker that the Democrats will regain control of the government of Greater New York and the enormous patronage that goes with it when the municipal election is held next year, that he has expressed his willingness to lead Tammany's fight. He is already taking steps to unite the Democracy and a the same time strengthen the organization of Tammany Hall by forcing the district chiefs to bury their hatchets and work together. When asked as to the prospects of Democratic success the wily politician remarked that they could not be any better, and that he had placed himself at the head of Tammany in response to urgent requests, and did so because he liked to lead a winning fight. It is to be inferred from this that he remained in England all through the presidential campaign because he foresaw certain victory for the Republican party and did not care to have his prestige as a leader destroyed by defeat

Infant Phenomena.

If the coming race is going to learn things twice or thrice as rapidly as the present one does, then some specimens of the coming race seem already to be here. The infant phenomenon preacher among both sexes, particularly with the colored race, is not unfamiliar to us. The freak now seems to be invading other walks of life.

There is the boy violinist, Bronislaw Hubermann, only 13, yet he fiddles with all the fury of an aged virtuoso and can make the strings howl like a Manitoba blizzard. He is of European Hebrew birth and is supporting all his family in the most commendable manner by his earnings as a boy phenomenon.

It is strange that the child phenomenon should appear in so fogyish a city as New York, yet it has had the questionable taste to do so. Maria Rose, a little girl only 7 or 8 years old, is a linguist so accomplished that she can speak Latin, Greek, French, German, English and one or two other languages as glibly as if she were 40 years of age and had a remarkable talent for tongues and had been studying them all her life. In a few weeks she learns what it takes the ordinary student of languages as many years to acquire. Being of the female sex, it is natural that in her case the coming race quality should break out in the form of a gift for language.

Finally, there is "little Will Gwin," not yet 5 years old, whose special coming race faculty is a gift for anatomy. He knows the location and name of every bone in the human body. He goes to hospitals in New Orleans every day and has a keener appetite for fractures and dissections than for molasses candy.

Very Silly.

What is the use or sense of insulting a flag? It cannot help any people or nation; it does not a whit in the way of weakening or embarrassing the nation toward which disapproval is thereby manifested. On the contrary, it only irritates that nation and causes it to be more hostile.

It is said that a Spanish flag was burned at New Castle, Del., and a second one was hissed at an evening entertainment in another place. Such performances are silly and childish. They belong rather to boys making faces at one another than to serious, sensible, grown men. The people of the United States have no quarrel with the people of Spain or with the Spanish flag. They believe the Spanish government to be an intolerable tyranny so far as Cuba is concerned and want Cuba to be a free and independent republic, but how is jeering the Spanish national emblem to further these sentiments in any way?

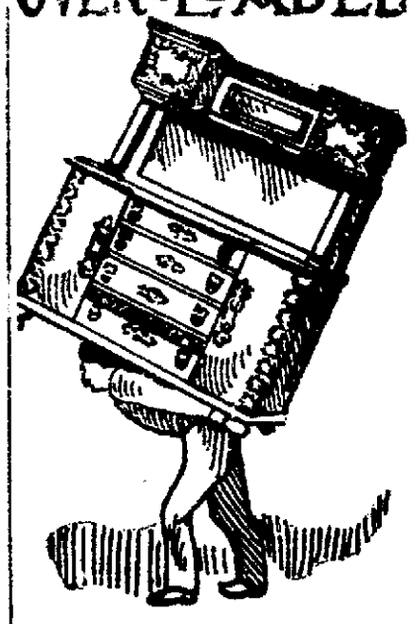
Under the peculiar circumstances of the present it will be better for Americans to refrain from showing any hostility to the Spanish flag. Really, it never did us any harm. If Spain can ever be induced peaceably to let Cuba go or to do justice to American prisoners held in confinement, it will not be by such means as hissing or burning her flag.

The Metropolitan club of Washington deserves the thanks of manly men everywhere for expelling from membership Prince Yturbide of Mexico because he talked in a scandalous manner about a lady. To make his action still more unworthy, the lady was one to whom he was at one time engaged to be married. A man who will make a woman's private character the subject of his conversation in an unpleasant way at any time or place deserves to be hooted out of respectable company though he were 40 times a prince, doubled and twisted. A woman may have every other earthly possession, but if there are any insinuations against her good name all these are as naught. The man, therefore, who will deliberately say anything to smirch a woman's name is a villain and a blackguard. Perhaps the action of the Metropolitan club in the case of Yturbide may serve as a wholesome lesson to other clubs and club members. It is a common saying that the reputation of ladies suffers more from the gossip of men's clubs than from all the talk at women's tea tables. Down with the man who talks poisonous gossip about women!

The visit of the Prince of Wales and his family at Blenheim cannot fail to add to the friendliness between Great Britain and America. It was based upon the almighty American dollar as a foundation stone, of course, but the English people cannot help feeling genuinely grateful to a people whose dollars, poured out lavishly, make possible such royal splendors and festivities as those witnessed at Blenheim. The American people also are gratified that our duchess Consuelo carried through her part of the programme with such grace, spirit and dignity.

Sympathize with the Cubans? Of course we do, heart and soul. It is our right, our pleasure and our blessed privilege to sympathize with any people who are trying to throw off the yoke of a hereditary monarchy. We would be a queer republican people if we felt otherwise, would we not?

OVER-LOADED



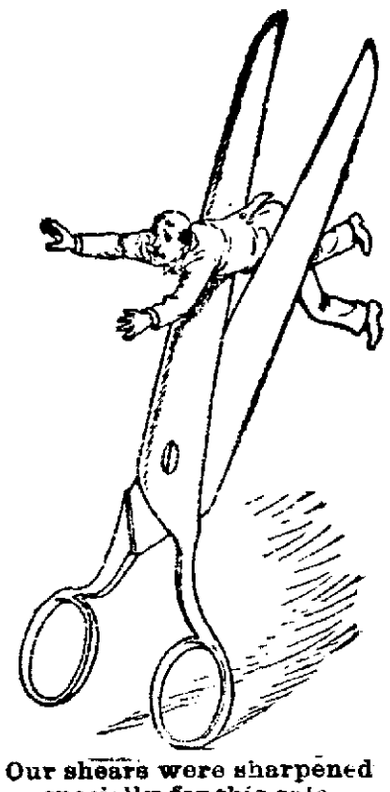
Our load consists of Clothing for all Mankind.

A Confession

Is Good for the Soul.

Michael confesses that his energy got the best of him, that he overloaded late in the fall, that he is now overstocked on Overcoats and heavy Suits, in spite of the fact that they enjoyed a healthy trade. The usual January slack trade shall not be allowed at this house this year. Commencing Mondav morning, every article of Winter Wear shall go at cost until Inventory Day, February 1st.

We have too much regard for truth to claim to give off 1-4 or 1-2 on everything. Our general percentage of profit during the busy season does not allow us to make such big cuts in dull season, and tricks we don't resort to. We do promise, from now on until February 1st, that every Winter Article shall go at cost, which means as low a price as when others offer at half off, or any other pretense.



Our shears were sharpened specially for this sale.

See Our Window Display and Prices.

MICHAEL.

See Our Window Display and Prices!

GAIL HAMILTON.

Some Interesting Anecdotes of Her Rare Conversational Gifts.

It is seldom that a woman is found who combines intellect, charm of manner and womanly fascination, but Miss Dodge (Gail Hamilton) seems to have been thus universally gifted. On one occasion, while she was spending the winter in Washington with Mrs. Blaine, a striking instance of this was shown.

Among the season's visitors to the capital was a western clergyman of more culture, reading and thought than knowledge of the world. He desired to make the most of his first holiday and first sight of the great city. He wanted to see all there was to be seen, to hear all there was to be heard, but most of all did he desire to meet and have a word with Gail Hamilton; indeed, he confided to a friend that he would consider such a privilege well worth his journey to the east, did that journey bring him nothing else. It took him several days to summon up his courage, but at last he boldly presented himself at the Blaines' door and asked for Miss "Hamilton." About three hours later the friend met him descending the steps of the house, one broad smile of delight and satisfaction.

"Ah," exclaimed the confidant, "I congratulate you. So you have met your dear Gail Hamilton. I can see it in your face."

That face fell, grew remorseful.

"N-no," he stammered, "I didn't meet her; she didn't come down, and, the fact is, I forgot to ask for her."

"Forgot to ask for her!"

"Oh, I sent up my card, of course, but a lady came down, a Miss Dodge, and, my dear fellow, you never saw such a woman in your life. I suppose that Miss Hamilton must have been out. She didn't mention her, but she began to talk to me, and in two minutes I forgot what I had gone for. I never could have believed that any person, man or woman, could know so much. I believe we talked on every subject in the world, and she knew everything about every one of the subjects. I was never so surprised as when a lot of people came in and I found how long I had been there, and I didn't want to come away one bit then, I can tell you, and, till you spoke, I'd forgotten all about Miss Hamilton. I don't believe she can touch Miss Dodge anyhow."

His astonishment and delight when he found that he had entertained—or been entertained by—his angel unawares were very pleasant to see.

In telling the story the narrator added: "I don't know what it is about Miss Dodge. I can never tell how she does it. I heard her tell the funniest story I ever heard in my life, about a drive she took in the country, when her horse had on a harness that practically fell to pieces. There was a room full of people, and every one laughed himself sore over it, and yet when I came to think it over there was really nothing to it, nothing to tell—it was a thing that might have happened to any one and not have borne talking about. Yet she had entertained 20 people for half an evening with it. Only last week a lady who was there asked me if I remembered that excruciatingly funny story that Miss Dodge told about the harness, and at this late date we laughed over it until the tears were in our eyes."—New York Tribune.

The Postman Knew What Was Wanted.

The man with a letter to post saw the postman already at the box down the street and ran toward him. As he approached the postman the latter held out his hand without looking around.

"How did you know I had a letter to post?" asked the man.

The postman laughed.

"I have heard running feet behind me too often not to know what the sound means," he said. "When I hear some one start to run suddenly who is running my way, I know what is wanted and am ready when the runner stops."

And with that he closed his letter bag and hurried on to the next letter box, and the man who had posted the letter went home.—New York Sun.

A Mussulman Quarrel.

Three Mussulmans quarreled in a street at Hasskeui. As the dispute grew hot the men drew revolvers and fired several shots at each other. When the firing had ceased, three wounded men—one of them in a very bad plight—lay on the ground. They were three Hebrews who had been attracted by the noise and had been hit by the bullets which the three disputants had exchanged with great liberality, but with little danger to themselves.

A Tough Job.

"What is your hurry, Pat?" asked a gentleman of an Irish painter. "Haven't you all day in which to finish the job?"

"Begorra, Oi'm throyin to finish me job afore the paint gives out," said Pat.—Scottish Nights.

MONTT TO VISIT US.

Chile's Ex-President Coming to See Our Shipyards.

Early in the coming year there is every probability that this country will be visited by the ex-president of Chile, Vice Admiral Jorje Montt. The Chilean constitution prohibits any president of the republic leaving the country within one year after his vacating the position unless he receives the permission of the council of state, a body that possesses very extensive prerogatives. This permit has been accorded, as the government, being desirous of obtaining Admiral Montt's opinions upon naval construction in other countries and especially in the United States, asked for the concession.

Although Chile, until the past two years, has entertained anything but a friendly feeling toward us, that sentiment has been changed, and the action is due mainly to Admiral Montt's admiration for the United States, and especially, too, his intelligent sympathy with our naval officers and his recognition of the vast strides that we have made in building warships. He would have liked to have ordered one or two of Chile's new cruisers from American shipyards, but the financial advantages in regard to extended time payments afforded by English builders operated against his wishes.—New York Advertiser.

Lacrosse Team For Europe.

It has been definitely decided by the Crescent Athletic club of Brooklyn to send a team of lacrosse players on a tour through England next spring. The matter had been under advisement for so long a time that a majority of the members thought the scheme had fallen through. All doubts have been set at rest, however, and the date of starting has been fixed for March 16.

Brazilian Balm

THE GREAT SOUTH AMERICAN BALSAM!

...CURES...

Coughs, Colds, Croup & Grippe

LIKE MAGIC.

RADICALLY CURES

CATARRH!

It clears the head of foul mucous; heals the sores and ulcers of the head and throat; sweetens the breath, and perfectly restores the senses of the taste, smell and hearing. Stops headache and dropping into the throat. Also destroys the germ which causes

HAY FEVER,

making a perfect cure in a few days. Never fails! No fatal case of LA GRIPPE ever known where Brazilian Balm was faithfully used. It destroys the grippe germ and quickly removes all the [illegible] bad effect.

INFALLIBLE in ASTHMA, CROUP, BRONCHITIS, PLEURISY, PNEUMONIA, DYSPEPSIA, RHEUMATISM, TYPHOID and SCARLET FEVER, MEASLES, and any disease where there is Inflammation, Fever or Congestion. Greatest relief in Consumption ever discovered.

Cures a Fresh Cold in one day. Stops EARACHE in 2 minutes. Stops ringing in the head and relieves deafness. As an injection invaluable in female troubles. For outward use heals Cuts, Sores and Burns like magic. Prevents lock-jaw from wounds. QUICK CURE FOR CONSTIPATION AND PILES.

Its Healing Power is Almost Miraculous. The Best Family Medicine in Existence.

50 Cent Bottle contains 100 Doses, or Two Weeks Treatment for Catarrh.

$1.00 BOTTLE EQUALS THREE 50c. BOTTLES.

HOME TESTIMONIALS:

"Brazilian Balm cured me of inveterate catarrh which I had for over 20 years. It is the most wonderful triumph of medical science."—*Gen. J. Parke Postles.* "In croup, cold and the worst form of gripp we have found Brazilian Balm invaluable." —*Jno. W. S. Boothe, D. D., Pastor Del. Ave. Bap. Ch.* "Mrs. Lore has used the Brazilian Balm and thinks it did her much good."—*Hon. Chas. B. Lore, Chief Jus. of Del.* "One bottle of Brazilian Balm cured a friend of mine of hay fever."—*Thos. M. Culbert.* "I was very deaf for 10 years from catarrh. Brazilian Balm applied warm in my ears every day soon restored my hearing."—*Mrs. John Scotten, Chester, Pa.* "It is the best thing for dyspepsia I ever saw tried."—*Judge Edward Wootten.* "I was worn almost to the grave with a racking cough that all the remedies and the doctors failed to relieve. It was cured with one bottle of Brazilian Balm. It shall be my doctor through life."—*Mrs. J. Galloway, Pottstown, Pa.* "I was fearfully crippled up with rheumatism, could not get my hand to my head. I took ten 50 cent bottles of Brazilian Balm in six months. Am now entirely cured and as nimble as I was at forty."—*Anson Burrell, aged 84.* A lady in Cincinnati was so afflicted with asthma that during the winter for seventeen years she was unable to sleep lying down, was entirely and permanently cured with Brazilian Balm.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS AND DEALERS.

B. F. JACKSON & CO., Indianapolis, Ind.

A Mine Disaster.

City of Mexico, Jan. 2.—A terrible disaster has occurred in the Santa Gertrusi mine at Pachuca, one of the most famous silver mines in the country. From some cause not known, fire broke out in one of the levels of the old Southern workings, shutting off the exit of 13 Mexicanm miners. Miners on the outside went to work to try to put out the fire and save the men.

Laurier Not Honored.

London, Jan. 2.—The Westminster Gazette says it hopes the omission of the name of Wilfred Laurier, the Canadian premier, from the list of New Year's honors, was not due to the fact that he is a Liberal.

In Honor of Yale Boys.

Louisville, Jan. 2.—Probably the largest and most brilliant audience of the season was entertained at the Auditorium by the Princeton Glee club in an enjoyable program. After the concert society turned out at a ball at the Galt House.

Hard Times For Wool.

Boston, Jan. 2.—The Commercial Bulletin says of the wool market: The year goes out under a cloud. The small sales are largely composed of foreign wools, notably Australian. There is little or no inquiry for fleeces of any kind.

A Trace of Lewis.

Urbana, O., Jan. 2.—Last September Z. T. Lewis, the noted bond forger, made an affidavit at Hartford City, Ind. His present where abouts are unknown.

A Fatal Explosion.

Xenia, O., Jan. 2.—A corning mill, belonging to the Miami Powder company, located at Goes, five miles north of this city, exploded, killing Jacob Kreitzer instantly and fatally injuring Joseph Happing. Kreitzer leaves a family. Happing was not married. Loss, $7,000.

A Strike Settled.

Stoneham, Mass., Jan. 2.—The strike at the shoe factory of F. B. Jenkins & Company was settled and over 100 operatives returned to work. The strike was ordered because of a 10 per cent reduction in wages and a compromise has been affected.

Fatal Runaway.

West Union, O., Jan. 2.—Peter McKenzie, a wealthy farmer, and M. D. Fields were returning home in a buggy when their horse ran off, throwing both occupants out. Mr. McKenzie alighted on his head and died later.

Steamer Goes Ashore.

Cape Henry, Va., Jan. 2.—The British steamship Sardinian Prince, with a general cargo from New Orleans, for Antwerp, via Newport News, Va., went ashore near Wash Woods, N. C., early during a dense fog. Four powerful ocean tugs went to her assistance and the vessel was floated at 4:30 p. m. and proceeded apparently uninjured.

The Weather.

For West Virginia—Threatening weather and rain; warmer; southerly winds.

For Ohio—Threatening weather and rain; brisk southerly winds; colder.

NEWSPAPER ARCHIVE®

CLEARING SALE

In order to reduce our stock as much as possible before invoicing, we shall, during the next two weeks, sell

Ladies' welt, kang. calf, skating boots, worth $2 00, for - - - - - - - - - $1.50
Ladies' hand welts, worth $3.50, for - - - $2.15
Ladies' dongolas, spring heels, worth $1.75, for - - - - - - - - - 1.35
Men's Shoes, congress or lace, worth $1.35, for 98c

LILLY, - BRACKETT'S - FINE - GOODS - AT COST!

These are genuine bargains which you cannot afford to miss.

You will find them at

THE WAUGH SHOE STORE.

NO. 31 PUBLIC SQUARE.

WANTED

WANTED--A good second-hand delivery wagon, by the Street Railway Co.

WANTED—Man to travel, look after and appoint agents. Good route; salary and expenses; reference; chance to advance; steady position, if satisfactory; addressed envelope for reply. Office No. 702, No. 356 Dearborn street, Chicago.

$18 a week paid to reliable lady or gentleman. Easy and pleasant work; short hours; no experience necessary; permanent position; no capital required. Holiday presents a specialty. Address SHEPP & CO., 1020 Chestnut St., Philadelphia, Pa.

AMONG THE RAILROADS.

NOTES.

Railroad Commissioner Billings, of Michigan, states that unless business improves at least 1,000 miles of road in that State will be abandoned next year.

The United States Express company, on December 31st, withdrew from the Boston and New England, as the business done on the road did not pay the expenses of messenger service and offices.

Superintendents of several divisions of the Pennsylvania have issued orders prohibiting the gathering of coal on the track or from empty cars of the company, as a means of saving many premature funeral expenses.

Extra Conductor Stout, of the L. E & W., who is braking for Conductor Ridenour on east local, deadheaded from Sandusky night before last and spent yesterday at his home here. He returned to Sandusky on train 2 last night.

A. H. McLeod, general freight agent of the C., H. & D., on Monday inaugurated a programme by which every two months he will have his division and traveling freight agents together to talk over business and furnish them a good dinner.

On the recommendation of New England, Canadian and trunk lines, the Joint Traffic Association has ruled that from March 1, 1897, immigrant fares be advanced to the basis of $15 from New York to Chicago, $15 from Boston to Chicago, $13.55 from Philadelphia to Chicago, $13 50 from Canadian points and Portland, Me., to Chicago, and $13 20 from Baltimore to Chicago.

The Pennsylvania Railroad company will this week place contracts for steel rails to be delivered at different periods in 1897. While only 40,000 tons of steel rails are ordered now, the amount will be increased, as another order is generally given about June. If business should improve there is no doubt that a larger amount of steel rails will be used by the Pennsylvania company during 1897 than 1896. It is said the price paid is around $25 a ton.

Mr. J. C. Winans has been appointed district passenger agent of the C., H. & D. railway, covering territory formerly occupied by Mr. John Bastable, who had his headquarters at Toledo, and who resigned on account of ill health. Mr. Winans in addition to the regular territory covered by him as district passenger agent at Piqua, will cover the line between Toledo and Dayton, including the branches. His territory will extend as far east as Cleveland, and as far west as the Ohio State Line, except the Delphos division which is covered by Mr. W. H Whittlesey, district passenger agent, at Dayton.

DISEASES OF THE SKIN.

The intense itching and smarting incident to eczema, tetter, salt-rheum, and other diseases of the skin is instantly allayed by applying Chamberlain's Eye and Skin Ointment. Many very bad cases have been permanently cured by it. It is equally efficient for itching piles and a favorite remedy for sore nipples; chapped hands, chilblains, frost bites, and chronic sore eyes. For sale by druggists at 25 cents per box.

Try Dr. Cady's Condition Powders, they are just what a horse needs when in bad condition. Tonic, blood purifier and vermifuge.

L. O. T. M. Notice.

The Lady Maccabees will meet Wednesday evening, Jan. 6th, in the new Maccabee hall in the Donze block, between Spring and Elm streets. 8 4t

SABBATH SERVICES.

FIRST CONGREGATIONAL CHURCH,

Elizabeth street, near southeast cor. of west Market. Morning worship at 10 o'clock. The pastor will preach Bible school, including Welsh Bible class and pastor's class in "Teaching of the Apostles," at 11:15 a. m. Christian Endeavor meets at 6 p. m. Evening worship at 7 o'clock. Seats free. Strangers and all without a church home cordially invited.

I. J. SWANSON, Pastor.

CHURCH OF CHRIST,

West Wayne street. Preaching at 10:30 a. m. and 7 p m Sunday school at 9:15 a. m. Jr. C. E. at 2 p. m. and Sr. C. E. at 6 p m. You are invited. C. A. HILL, Pastor.

EPWORTH M. E. CHURCH,

east Market street. Second quarterly meeting. Preaching, 10 a. m and 7 p. m. Communion service in evening administered by Presiding Elder J. H. Fitzwater. Quarterly conference, Saturday at 7 p. m. Sunday School, 9 a. m. Epworth League, 6 p. m. Services every night during the Week of Prayer, 7 p. m. A cordial welcome to all.

FRANK A. ZIMMERMAN, Pastor.

MARKET ST. PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH,

Corner west Market and West streets. The pastor, Rev R. J. Thompson, will preach. Subject: 10 a. m., "A New Year, and God;" 7 p. m., "Husks." Sunday School at 11:30 p m. Children's Class at 3 p. m. Y. P. S C. E. at 6 p. m. The Week of Prayer will be observed next week, meeting each evening except Saturday, at 7 o'clock. All seats free. A welcome to all.

CHRIST CHURCH

North and West streets. Litany, Holy Communion and Sermon at 10 a. m. Sunday School at 11:30 a. m. Evening Prayer and Sermon at 7 o'clock. All welcome.

C. B CRAWFORD, Rector.

ST. PAUL'S EVANGELICAL LUTHERAN

Tanner St., Rev. J. H. Hunton, pastor. Worship and Sermon at 10:15 a. m. and 7 p. m Sunday School at 9 a. m. Luther League meets at 6 p. m. Seats free and all are invited.

GRACE M. E. CHURCH.

Sunday School, 9 a. m. Preaching morning and evening. Epworth League, 6 p. m. Revival services each evening next week. All are cordially invited.

S. BAUMGARDNER, Pastor.

CALVARY REFORMED CHURCH,

Corner east High and Cemetery sts., J. C. Horning, pastor in charge. Sunday School at 9:30 a. m. Preaching in the morning at 10:30 and in the evening at 7 o'clock. Evening subject, "The Transformed Life." All are welcome.

TRINITY M. E. CHURCH,

Rev. W. G. Waters, pastor. Quarterly meeting. Love feast at 9 a. m. Preaching by the elder, Dr. Fitzwater, at 10 a. m. Sunday School at 11:30 a. m. Epworth League at 6 p. m. and preaching by pastor at 7 p. m.

MAIN ST. PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH.

Sabbath School at 9:30 a. m. Sermon, followed by the Lord's Supper, at 10:45. Junior Endeavor at 2:30. Senior Endeavor at 6. Sermon at 7; subject, "How to Deal with the Wilful and Deluded, Spiritualists, etc." Service each evening during the week. Strangers and persons without church homes especially invited.

W. G. SMITH, Pastor.

The Discovery Saved His Life.

Mr. G. Caillouette, Druggist, Beaversville, Ills., says: "To Dr. King's New Discovery I owe my life Was taken with La Grippe and tried all the physicians for miles about, but of no avail and was given up and told I could not live. Having Dr. King's New Discovery in my store I sent for a bottle and began its use, and from the first dose began to get better, and after using three bottles was up and about again. It is worth its weight in gold. We won't keep store or house without it" Get a free trial at H. F. Vortkamp's drug store, northeast corner Main and North streets.

"NOT GUILTY!"

Was the Verdict Returned by Twelve Jurymen,

Who Weighed the Evidence in the Bice Case—A Long and Expensive Trial.

John Bice can certainly congratulate himself over the fortunate outcome of his recent trial. He was arrested and indicted on the charge of attempting to defraud the Connecticut Fire Insurance company by burning his shoe shop, on the night of July 11th, 1895. An error was made in naming the time, as the fire occurred on the 31st instead of the 11th of July.

Watson, a colored man, was the strongest witness examined by the State. He testified to having been with Bice that evening and that he received goods that Bice claimed were destroyed by the fire: that he was wearing a pair of shoes that Bice had made for Mr. Roush, which were paid for, and which Bice claimed were destroyed by the fire. He swore also to having received money from Bice to leave the city and not testify against him. This evidence was strong, but could be classed only as circumstantial. The question—did Bice set the building afire?- was unanswered, and the witness who could testify to this was not presented in court. Several of the jurymen said this morning that they gave credence to Watson's story, but the evidence was purely circumstantial and there was wanting a convincing degree of evidence. The State had desired to place another witness on the stand, but that person had secretly left the city, and his whereabouts could not be determined by those who prosecuted the case.

The trial is one that will long be remembered as one of the most costly and stubbornly fought criminal cases ever tried before the Allen county court. It occupied 8 days and will cost the county no small amount of money. The case went to the jury yesterday afternoon at 2 o'clock and at 10:30 last night they returned with a verdict of "not guilty." Judge Richie presided and his charge to the jury was probably the most comprehensive and able one that he has ever pronounced while sitting on the bench in the Allen county court.

NEW YEAR'S GIFTS.

[Continued From Eighth Page.]

evidence, and error in the charge of the court. The judge overruled the motion and asked Bowers what he wished to say. Pointing to the jury, the prisoner replied: "I am as innocent of this crime as are these twelve men."

The judge admonished him for his evil associations and for attempting to get a girl drunk who was under 16 years of age, and said that he would make his sentence low with the hope that he may reform, and when he returned that he would abandon his evil companions. He was given five years.

C. F. Adams, the man who stopped at the Lima House and who had robbed G H. Copeland's second hand store, was the last one sentenced He said he felt the humiliation of his crime and that he was not a professional thief, but that for ten days prior to the commission of the crime had been debauched with liquor, that he was of a good family and well educated and had held honorable positions. The judge said the court rarely found a man before the bar of justice who was so well dressed and showed such a marked degree of intelligence as did the prisoner; that he had indicated while in the court room his thorough acquaintance with court manners and legal procedure; that he had shown considerable cheek in stopping at a leading hotel and going out at night to rob stores. It was of little moment whether or not he was of good family connection, and that drink was no excuse for crime. The court believed that he should be given the full limit of the law, but as there was some doubt as to his being a professional crook, he would sentence him to only seven years in the Ohio penitentiary.

OIL AND GAS.

NEW FIELD IN AUGLAIZE.

All indications go to show that a new and important field will be opened up in southern Auglaize county, a few miles southwest from New Bremen. Late developments show such to be the case. The territory has been considered good for nothing but gas in light quantities heretofore. The territory referred to is located in Jackson township. The Jackson Oil Co. has completed two wells on the Westershelde farm, in section 29 of that township, and either are good for 15 barrels. The same company has completed a 15 barrel well on the Greeshophs farm, in section 29, same township. Same company has a well drilling on the Diemer heirs farm, in the same section.

The Cudahy Oil company has a large acreage in the new field, and has completed a well on the Falling farm, in section 30, same township, that started off at 20 barrels.

The Columbia Oil company has a well drilling on the Eonakin farm, in section 28, same township.

Unknown parties are drilling on the Bankemeyer farm, in section 29, same township.—*Toledo Blade.*

For earache put a couple of drops of Thomas' Eclectric Oil on a bit of cotton and place it in the ear. The pain will stop in a few moments. Simple enough, isn't it?

IN SOCIETY.

[Continued From Eighth Page.]

giving as an encore a beautiful transcription of "Old Folks at Home," by Mears.

Mr. Pierson Keys, of Glendale, is the guest of Mr. Warren Melly.

Mr. and Mrs. Van Cleve gave a handsome dinner party yesterday for a number of young men.

Miss Frances Boone returns to Pittsburg next Tuesday to resume her work as a teacher in a kindergarten.

The L. and L. Club will meet with Mr. and Mrs. F. W. Drake next Friday evening. Helen Hunt Jackson and Mary Halleck Foot will be the writers whose work will be discussed.

Miss Susan Humston will return to St. Mary's school, at Knoxville, Ill., next Tuesday.

Mrs. Sol K. Blair and children, of Ft. Wayne, were the guests of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. T. T. Mitchell, over New Years.

Mrs. E. T. Mitchell and daughter are in Toledo visiting friends.

A merry theatre party last night was made up by the following young people: Miss Duncan, of Lancaster, Miss Susan Humston, Miss Gail Bates and Miss Belle Harrington. The men of the party being Messrs. Will Boone, Meri Langan, Harold Standish and Hobart Scott. After the play they adjourned to Miss Bates' home, where the chafing dish was brought into play and an appetizing Welsh rarebit was served.

A Lilliputian wedding was the attraction at Market Street Presbyterian church last evening and this afternoon, and despite the wind and weather many were in attendance to witness the little ones take part in a representation of a swell modern wedding. The bride was tiny Miss Laura Kibby and the little groom Master Brice Selfridge. A handsome page, with pillow for the bride to kneel on, was Master Willard Ohler, who preceded the bridal party to the altar, where stood the dignified minister, Master Walton Thomson. The pretty flower girls were Marie Decker and Ruth Thomson. The dainty maid of honor was little Florence Avery, and the groom's best man was Lee Paullis. The lovely bridesmaids were Roby Ohler, Esther Starbuck, Mable Bucker and Inga Johnson, and the fine-looking little ushers were Ralph Mackenzie, Harry Smith, Fred Garretson and Clayton McGuire. The gallant groomsmen were Harry Goldstein, Karl Deakin and Charlie Curtis.

The father of the bride was Fred Eastman; the mother, Minerva Bluem; the old grandmother, Laura McLaughlin, and the grandfather, Fred Gooding. The other relatives in attendance were the old maid, Miss Marguerite Thomson, the widow, Rena Ammerman; the farmer, Orrie Witner; the fashionable belle, Alice Thomson, and the beau, Calvin Selfridge.

The bridal party entered the church in a very stately manner, to the music of Mendelssohn's wedding march, and, during the ceremony, little Miss Florence McMan, of Cincinnati, sang sweetly, "Oh, Promise Me," by De Koven. After the ceremony, the bridal party enjoyed a wedding feast of dainty ices and bride's cake, and all received congratulations for the successful manner in which the entertainment was conducted.

Never have the rooms of the Y. M. C. A. building looked so well as this New Year, when each room was in gala attire of holly, mistletoe, smilax and pine boughs and palms and flowers, and then the tea rooms with their vari colored Japanese decorations which were everywhere, the walls being hung with Japanese draperies, and the gay lanterns, parasols, and in every conceivable place this work was done by the deft hands of Misses Caddie Faurot, Laura Reynolds, Lou Smith, and Laura Williams Ceylon tea and graham wafers were served during the afternoon to the many thirsty guests, the tea table being presided over by Mrs. Grant Sprague, who was in royal Japanese attire. The entertainment was carried out as has been given in the published programmes, much to the delight of the many people who thronged the room during the hours.

The recital given by the Lima Choral Society at their hall last evening was one of unusual merit, and a large number of people were present to enjoy the treat.

Mr. and Mrs. Harold B. Adams assisted in giving a fine concert at Columbus last night.

Kremis, Mercer County, Pa. We believe Chamberlain's Cough Remedy to be the best remedy in use. We use it in our own families, and it is a favorite among our customers. HECKER BROS. & Co. 25 and 50 cent bottles for sale by Melville, the druggist, old postoffice corner; C. W. Heister, 58 public square.

The first spelling book printed in this country was entitled "The American Spelling Book," by Noah Webster. It was issued in 1783, and for considerably more than half a century was the standard work used in all American schools.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

THE BEST SALVE in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by H. F. Vortkamp, n. e. cor. North and Main sts., Lima.

MONEY BOX NO. 2

AT THE

COLUMBIA SHOE STORE,

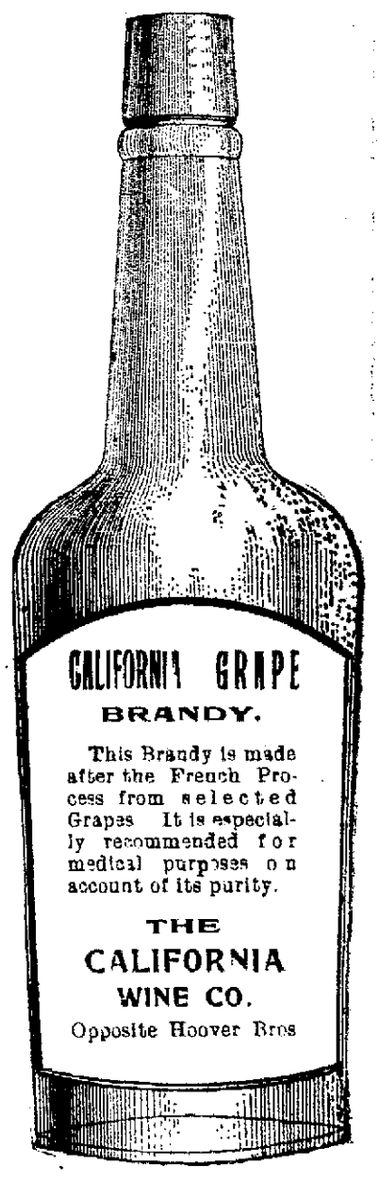
Containing $50.00,

Was opened this morning by Mr. Chas. E. Nutting, Engineer on the L. E. & W. R. R., he holding the lucky key.

BOX NO. 1,

Containing $50.00,

Was opened yesterday by Miss Louis Hoover, Saleslady at the Metellus Thompson Dry Goods Co.



You Can Always Get

SHOES

To Fit you, and at the very Lowest prices, at

AVERY'S, 135 North Main Street.

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®
NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

Blood Humors

EVERY humor, whether itching, burning, bleeding, scaly, crusted, pimply, or blotchy, whether simple, scrofulous, or hereditary, from infancy to age, are now speedily cured by

Cuticura Resolvent

A SKIN and blood purifier of incomparable purity and curative power. Purely vegetable, safe, innocent, and palatable. It appeals to all, and especially mothers, nurses, and children.

Sold throughout the world. Price, CUTICURA, the Soap, 25c.; RESOLVENT, 50c. and $1. POTTER DRUG AND CHEM. CORP., Sole Props., Boston.

"How to Cure Blood and Skin Humors," free.

CINCINNATI HAMILTON & DAYTON RY.

CH&D

CINCINNATI INDIANAPOLIS CHICAGO DAYTON TOLEDO DETROIT

Excursions via C., H. & D. R. R. Co.

Half Fare to Indianapolis.

On January 10th, 11th and 12th, agents of the Cincinnati, Hamilton and Dayton Railway will sell tickets to Indianapolis and return at one fare for the round trip good going on date of sale and returning up to and including January 15th.

Keep These Dates in Your Mind.

December 22, January 5 19, February 3 16, April 6 20, May 4 18—On these dates agents of the Cincinnati, Hamilton and Dayton Railway will sell settlers' tickets to points in Kentucky, Tennessee, Alabama, Georgia, North and South Carolina, Florida, Mississippi, Virginia and Louisiana, one way, at special low rates. Persons intending to go south this winter or spring will do well to call on any agent of the C, H & D Ry, who will cheerfully furnish them with information as to the rates, but will also obtain literature descriptive of the portion of the country to which they are looking. Agents will cheerfully assist anyone in obtaining information who will ask for it.

Sunday, December 20th, the C., H. & D. and Wabash inaugurated a line of Pullman and Wagner reclining chair cars and sleeping cars between Cincinnati and Hannibal, Mo. This line will be made up of the C., H. & D. R'y to Indianapolis, I. D. & W. R'y to Decatur and the Wabash Decatur to Hannibal. The equipment is new, having been built especially for this line. The name of the Pullman car is "Helena," the Wagner being named "Baltimore." These cars will leave Cincinnati every evening at 7:15, arriving Indianapolis, 10:40 p.m., Decatur, 4:05 a. m., Springfield, 7:05 a. m., Jacksonville, 8:25 a. m., and Hannibal, 11:40 a. m. Returning the car will leave Hannibal, 4:30 p. m., Jacksonville, 7:25 p. m., Springfield, 8:40 p. m., Decatur, 10:20 p. m., Indianapolis 3:30 a. m., arrive Cincinnati, 7.30 a. m. These cars are models of beauty and contain every device for the safety and convenience of the traveling public, being furnished with a large and commodious smoking room, and toilet rooms, upholstered in brown frieze plush, with draperies to match. The cars are mounted on six-wheel standard trucks, gas lighted and steam heated. The Pullman and Wagner cars will alternate in the run.

Holiday Rates on C., H. & D. Ry.

The C, H & D Ry will make a rate of a fare and one-third for the Christmas and New Years holidays, from all points on their line to all points on foreign lines within the territory of the Central Passenger Committee. Special arrangements will be made by this line for students of colleges, seminaries and universities going home to spend their holiday vacation. For information as to students' tickets, apply to agents of the C, H & D Ry at local stations.

Homeseekers' Excursion

to almost all States via the C, H & D Ry. On Nov 3d, 16th, 17th and 30th, Dec 1st, 14th and 15th, Jan 4th, 5th, 18th and 19th, Feb 1st, 2nd, 15th and 16th, to points west of the Mississippi River; and Nov 3d, 16th, 17th and 30th, Dec 1st, 14th and 15th Jan 4th, 5th, 18th and 19th, Feb 1st 2nd, 15th and 16th, south of the Ohio River, at one fare for the round trip, plus $2.00.

Settlers' One Way to the South

On the first and third Tuesday each month a very low rate via C, H & D Ry.

Hunters' Rates.

The C, H & D Ry will sell hunters' tickets at very low rates to the North and West.

Niagara Falls and return and to all other Eastern resorts at very low rates.

Sunday rate on the C., H. & D. R. R. will be one fare for the round trip to all points.

H. J. MCGUIRE, Ticket Agent.

REDUCED RATES.

Christmas and New Year Excursions via Pennsylvania Lines.

Low rate round trip tickets will be sold December 24th, 25th and 31st, 1896, and January 1st, 1897, good returning until January 4th, 1897, inclusive. For rates, time of trains and other details apply to Pennsylvania Line ticket agents.

B. H. OYLER, Ticket Agent.

god

The fat undertaker,
Who plants by the acre,
Poor victims of cough and cold,
Is sighing and crying,
For we've all stopped dying
Since Brazilian Balm was sold.
And for those who desire
Not just yet to go higher
It is worth its weight in gold.

The Worm Turns.

At least two of Kentucky's most famous distilleries have failed recently. This, too, in face of Joe Blackburn's statement that the voice of Kentucky cannot be stilled.—Philadelphia Call.

"For three years I suffered from Salt Rheum. It covered my hands to such an extent that I could not wash them. Two bottles of Burdock Blood Bitters cured me." Libbie Young, Pope's Mills, St. Lawrence county, N. Y.

Why Suffer with Dyspepsia?

Chas. Broome, 850 South Second St., Philadelphia, says: "It took only two months for Brazilian Balm to cure me of dyspepsia with which I suffered over 30 years. Now I have no pain or stomach cough, and can eat anything. Brazilian Balm beats the world."

Another Good Man Gone Wrong.

He failed to use Foley's Kidney Cure for his kidney complaint. H. F. Vortkamp, n. e. cor. Main and North streets.

HAD A WEIRD POWER

AMELIA LOST HER LOVER BY CHARMING BEASTS.

Death of a Strange Woman—She Had Bears and Snakes as Pets—Harrison Didn't Like to Have a Catamount at His Table, So He Wouldn't Marry Her.

Mrs. E. Miles, who died at Brookville, Pa., a few days ago, had wonderful power over animals and readily made pets of wild deer, bears, catamounts, foxes, snakes and fishes. She was a native of Ireland and came to this country in 1844. She rode from New York to Philadelphia on the railroad, went to Williamsport on a packet boat and walked thence to Bald Eagle, where she passed several nights in the woods. Later she moved to Farrandsville, where she made her home with a family in whose honor the village was named. The woods in the vicinity of Farrandsville were dense, and animals and reptiles were numerous in it. It was while in that neighborhood that she became aware of her strange power and began to practice it.

Her maiden name was Amelia Janss, and Henry Harrison, yet alive, was her lover for many years, but on account of her uncanny power over untamed animals he never married her. He didn't fancy having to sit at the table with a bear on either side of him, a catamount opposite, his wife at his left, a fox running under his feet and a black snake and rattlesnake in boxes in the corner of the dining room. While he was her "steady company" she had as pets the animals mentioned and two deer besides.

Harrison cared for her so much, however, that upon bidding her farewell he went to the woods, became a cook at a lumber camp and refused to have anything whatever to do with women. He is now 78 years old, and for three years past has lived in San Jacinto, Cal. On account of the death of his former sweetheart he came east to attend her funeral, and prior to starting for his California home related the following story of the peculiarities of the dead woman:

"Amelia was the dearest girl I ever knew. She was beautiful and had a loving disposition. Everything seemed to fall in love with her. She possessed great strength and enjoyed a tramp through the woods. She would often go alone, and it was while on such trips that she would capture the animals and snakes of which she made pets. I often wondered how she did it. I often asked her, but the subject was always instantly changed. I finally concluded that I would learn at least a portion of her secret if it took me all my life.

"One day in 1854, as I was coming down the road and saw Amelia, I hurried after her. She went to a stream and sang a weird song. The words were such as I had never heard, and the appearance of Amelia was greatly changed. Her voice seemed unnatural.

"I was frightened. Presently a few birds flew toward her, and several snakes crawled from their hiding places. A deer also responded to the weird sounds. She handled the snakes, caressed the birds and stroked the deer. She remained in this queer state about one hour. It was this sight that made me firm in my determination to break away from her.

"I had paid Amelia attention for four years, but I ceased my visits after that. Amelia, during my time as her lover, always had her two bears, deer, a catamount, fox and two snakes as pets. It was not unusual to see Amelia enjoying her dinner, supper or breakfast surrounded by her pets. Those that ate meat would get it off a plate especially arranged.

"The bears were often hitched to a carriage, and she would ride behind them. The postoffice was some miles away, and among the sights each week was Amelia, accompanied by a bear and a deer. These pets were extremely fond of their owner and would allow no one to molest her.

"Some odd things happened. Amelia was finer than the other girls in the vicinity intellectually and was a general favorite. I remember I used to shudder at having her ugly catamount near us as we sat on the old settee. Then, too, it wasn't delightful to have a big snake crawl over my leg as I sat there talking sentiment to Amelia. When Amelia got cross, she would sit on the floor, surround herself with her pets and laugh at me. I was afraid of the pets, and she knew it.

"All of these animals were taught to do various tricks, and no matter when the word was given all pets responded. I recall the first time I ever attempted to kiss her. As all country lovers go about it, I began telling how Sim Jones over in the valley kissed Martha Henninger when walking along a lonely road, and that Sarah Johnson says how she'd rather kiss than go to a corn husking. Amelia was on to me, but let me get closer and allow my arm to go around her waist. Finally I stroked her hair, and, with a sudden movement, pulled her head toward me and was about to take the kiss, when from her throat came the magic word which made the bears jump toward me, the catamount land on my back, the fox give a cry and the snakes stand in the air in front of me. I was scared nearly to death, hugged all the closer to Amelia and was nearly exhausted when she commanded the pets to go away.

"No, I didn't kiss her then, but waited for a more convenient season. I never learned that she lost her strange power, but at the time of her death she had only a bear and a deer as pets, besides several birds."—New York Press.

Shave or Hair Cut Costs $1,000.

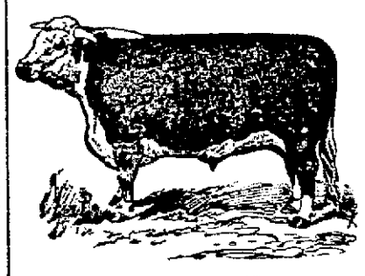
Al L. Dorris, a well to do farmer living near Union, Ind., has signed a contract by the terms of which he agrees to forfeit $1,000 if he shaves or cuts his hair until Bryan is elected president. The contract is drawn in legal terms, and Mr. Dorris declares his purpose of living up to its novel provisions.—Chicago Times-Herald.

LIVE STOCK

AT THE NEW YORK SHOW.

There Was an Especially Fine Display of Hereford Cattle.

It is true that New Yorkers are not successful in giving a live stock show. An Iowa man remarked witheringly that any county fair in the west made a better display than the great city by the sea. This is well nigh true, and it is not to be wondered at. New York's



FAT HEREFORD STEER.

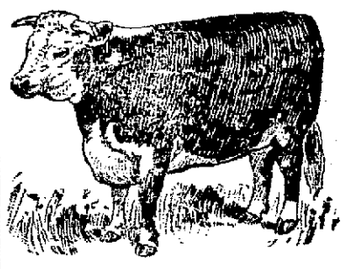
strong point is not in live stock. Her farmers chiefly are Wall street hayseeds, her crops stocks and bonds.

She does the best she knows how to do, however, and by dint of calling on the west for help managed this year to bring together a fair display of animals. In passing, however, it must be said that this second annual show was not so good as that of last year, the first one.

One of the best cattle displays was that of the Herefords, made up of animals brought from well known Iowa, Illinois, Indiana and Pennsylvania herds. These Herefords were magnificent creatures, massive, richly colored and picturesque. The fat steer in the illustration was so beautiful, with his wavy coat and polished horns, that it seemed a pity to slaughter him. He was bought for that purpose, however, by a noted New York butcher firm, who paid $126 for him. They bought him at the rate of 7 cents a pound. He was 2 years old and was fed on corn and oats chiefly while being fattened.

A handsome young cow, 2 years old, was also one of the leading attractions in the Hereford part of the show.

The Hereford breeders feel greatly encouraged by the way in which their favorite cattle are growing in popular favor. A Hereford incident was the birth of one of the spriest, "cutest," little curly headed red and white calves that



HEREFORD HEIFER.

ever appeared in this cold world. It was born on the train while its mother was on her way to the show. It speaks well for the care cattle receive in transit that both dam and calf were in the best of health and spirits during the show week.

More Feed Than Stock.

The average farmer in the west is long on feed and short on stock—a most unprofitable condition and one not possible to remedy this season. One cause leading up to it is the shortage of crops during the years of drought which led to the sale of stock to relieve the pasture and winter supply of feed. The shrinkage in price of stock of all kinds led to sales and neglect of breeding. Since 1890 the decline in value of farm animals is 28 per cent. Since 1890 the value of horses, as estimated by the department of agriculture, has declined from $1,007,593,000 to $500,140,000—a shrinkage of $507,453,000. Since 1892 cattle have declined about $61,000,000 and hogs about $109,000,000. The business depression has had its effect in reducing the number and value of farm stock.

The abundance of corn removes all excuse for letting stock go hungry and shivering around straw stacks and over musty fodder. It may help some to learn the value of grain added to straw and dry fodder as a means of balancing the ration. There is no greater waste of feed than to keep corn in the crib while the cattle and colts are "pot bellied" and shivering on straw or old stalk pasture. Straw is neither abundant nor of good quality in many states, and the heavy fall rains have materially injured the corn fodder.

The average farmer who buys no oilmeal or mill feed, but trusts wholly to the range and roughage grown on the farm, will find that he is not so long on feed as he supposed, for the waste of moldy fodder is immense, and the feeding value of the whole is not half that of last fall. To make good growth there must be greater care to add some grain. The inferior wheat, much of it unsalable, the damaged oats and stained barley are all hard to sell and will be fed. If they are thoroughly cleaned and mixed with judgment, fair results may follow their use to supplement the inferior straw and fodder.

Blessed is the man who could supplement this abundance with good blue grass or rye pasture until covered with snow and then had a supply of beets or other succulent feed for a change or relish.—Breeder's Gazette.

Take care that your brood sows are perfectly comfortable and healthy. As they approach farrowing time give them plenty of fresh water, wheat bran and turnips and carrots if you have them. Sows want at this time almost no corn. Mill feed, if it is not adulterated, is good for them. Sour, fermenting slops are an abomination—as bad for a hog's stomach as for a man's.

FOR A FOUNDERED HORSE.

Symptoms of His Disease and Method of Treatment.

Usually both feet are inflamed, and then the animal takes a position that is striking. The fore feet are thrust forward and the hind feet are brought forward in order to relieve the inflammation and pain in the fore feet. Sometimes, as a result of the inflammation, the hoof is loosened from its matrix and the pedal bone presses upon the sole and makes the sole flat instead of concave. This condition is called "dropped sole." A horse in this condition walks with his heels touching the ground first. A recently foundered horse may raise both fore feet at once or pick up each foot separately, doing it quickly, and put each foot down separately, the heel touching the ground first. If he steps on anything prominent, he will become intensely lame. The pulse is rapid, the artery on the side of the fetlock feeling full and hard. Breathing is rapid and the nostrils dilated and the temperature from 102 to 105. The mucous membrane lining the nose is red in color, the face looks anxious and the animal is often covered with sweat. The appetite is bad and the urine less in quantity, but darker in color.

If the case is seen in the very first stages, mainly expressed by soreness, nothing equals thorough bleeding, best done at the jugular vein found in the groove seen on the lower portion of the neck. While the blood is flowing the finger is rested on the artery at the angle of the lower jaw, thus controlling the effect of the bleeding on the excited circulatory apparatus. As soon as the artery becomes soft and the number of pulse beats approaches the normal, the bleeding is stopped. This, followed by ten drop doses of tincture of aconite, given every two or three hours until four to six doses have been given, at the same time immersing the feet in cold water, will usually bring about a cure.

Cases of laminitis not recognized as such, or not seen until 20 or more hours old, need different treatment. The shoes are to be removed, the feet put into rather hot water, and the animal is to be drenched every six hours with three ounces of saltpeter for three to six days, according to the intensity of the att

If urination becomes excessive, the dose of saltpeter must be diminished in quanity. At the same time the following is to be given every four hours: Tincture of aconite, 10 drops; fluid extract of digitalis, half a dram; fluid extract of ergot, 3 drams; water, 2 ounces. This represents a dose for a 1,000 pound horse. The above may be given for two, or, in bad cases, for three days. At the same time blankets wrung out in hot water are applied to the body of the patient, putting a dry blanket over the wet one. Profuse sweating will take place, which is allowed to go on for two or three hours. The blankets are then removed, the animal rubbed dry and lightly covered. Should the animal lie down, swabs frequently moistened with water are to be put to the suffering feet, and, as far as medication is concerned, those patients are to be treated the same way as already described. Besides that the animal is to be turned over every four hours and the urine and manure taken away from it. If, after a number of days—about the fifth, for instance—no decided improvement is seen, the following rubbed into the coronet, the hair previously having been clipped off, may be of service: Pulverized cantharides, half a dram; lard, one ounce; mix.

Of course, while the above blister is applied to the coronet the feet are not to be put into the water, while 36 hours after the application of the above blister the feet may be again put into the bath, should it be required. The complications which may set in, such as suppuration of the laminæ, pneumonia, diarrhea, etc., are entirely beyond the reach of the practical stockman and call for the best professional advice available.

After the animal has recovered from an attack of founder it is well to give him the run of a soft and moist pasture for a week or two, being careful not to tax him too severely when first putting him to work again.—Bulletin 26, South Carolina Agricultural College.

Live Stock Points.

Keep plenty of salt, ashes and fine charcoal where all your farm animals can get to them at will. A mixture of all these is good. Other animals like the mixture almost as well as hogs do.

Feed all inferior or defective pumpkins to the live stock, hogs included. Pumpkins do not hurt their kidneys, and the juicy morsels are very grateful to them as well as good for their digestion. When you start in with pumpkins to any animals, however, begin lightly at first, gradually increasing the amount, feeding them always in connection with some grain.

Keep all your live stock clear of worms, ticks and lice. You can do it with care, and no man is fit to be a live stock breeder who does not exercise constant, watchful care.

Select brood sows very carefully. See that none of them has any defect of any kind, either deafness, weak eyes or a nervous, unkind disposition.

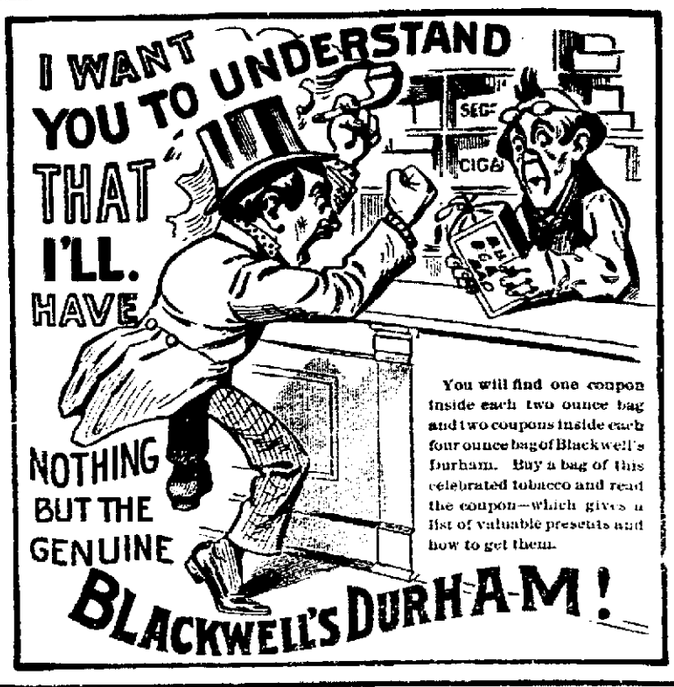
Lincoln and Leicester sheep are more popular in Great Britain and in British colonies, Canada included, than in the United States.

In changing animals from pasture to dry provender never give them too much feed at first. It is better to begin to feed gradually while they are still on pasture.

Steers that are being fattened give the best results when they have shelter. Professor Georgeson recommends warm, low, open sheds in the feed lot.

It is on record that three Hampshire down ewes produced ten lambs in a year. There were some triplets, and one ewe had lambs twice within the year.

The time to look for the birth of every colt, calf, lamb and litter of pigs on his place is carefully noted down in his everyday book by the good farmer.



EVERY WOMAN

sometimes needs a reliable, monthly, regulating medicine. Only harmless and the purest drugs should be used. If you want the best, get

Dr. Peal's Pennyroyal Pills

They are prompt, safe and certain in result. The genuine (Dr. Peal's) never disappoint. Sent anywhere, $1.00. Address PEAL MEDICINE CO., Cleveland, O.

SOLD BY WM. MELVILLE, OLD POSTOFFICE CORNER.

A BIG RESERVOIR.

Government Takes Up the Matter of Irrigation In the West.

Captain Hiram M. Chittenden of the corps of engineers of the United States army arrived in Denver the other day and called at the office of State Engineer Sumner to look over the topographical maps of Colorado, with a view to selecting the most desirable site for a great water storage reservoir.

Captain Chittenden's mission is one of extraordinary importance to the agricultural interests of Colorado and marks the commencement of federal interest in the western irrigation projects. The idea is to establish a government storage reservoir or lake in the mountains on the eastern side of the divide, which will save huge volumes of water which now run to waste in the spring. The project will, when completed, open up vast areas of now arid region to cultivation.

A start was made last spring, when congress passed the bill authorizing the construction of great federal reservoirs, one in Wyoming and one in Colorado. The bill carried with it an appropriation of $200,000 to defray the expenses of the surveys and other preliminary work. "I have about decided that the proper place to locate the reservoir will be at the headwaters of the Platte," said Captain Chittenden. "The Platte is the great distributor of water in Colorado and northwestern Nebraska. I will start out in a few days and look over the South park region, but active work cannot be commenced until the heavy snows disappear."

Glad Tidings

The grand specific for Dyspepsia, Liver Complaint, Rheumatism, Costiveness, General Debility, etc., is Bacon's Celery King for the Nerves. This great herbal tonic stimulates the digestive organs, regulates the Liver and restores the system to vigorous health and energies. Samples free. Large packages 50c and 25c. Sold only by Wm. M. Melville.

Dutch John's Queer Report.

After having his truck smashed and some of his men killed by a collision with a wild train a German section foreman sent in the following unique report to the division superintendent:

"Ve be makin run mit der thruck und sum spikes down to Fairvell crossin und we ask dot man vat make der nise mit der little clicker up in der 'ouse vere der vires run in vat times der drain cums, und he says she cums party soon, John, but you have time to get der thruck down to der crossin und as ve t'inks dat he bees talkin der druth ve makes der thruck gone party quick, but up der thruck cums der big puffer like der deffull, und vile ve talked about vat ve do der thruck goes up over de head of der puffer und der spikes und men go plunk in der ditch. Vone of der 'Tallian men lose his two legs und he be not sthrong enough ter valk ve put 'im in mit der luggage in der car vere he dies sune. Mike Doole go up mit de air und cums not down yet, und ve not find him easy, but dere bees nodings for him to hit up dere ve dinks he cums down purty sune all right. Der growbars und nine shuvels cum down so ve vaits here till Mike Doole cums down too. Yours, John Schneider."—Railroad Telegrapher.

Loved the Bottle Before He Had Teeth.

At No. 82 Warwick Ave., Zanesville, O., lives Mrs. R. H. Mills, who relates the following experience: "I have used Dr. Hand's Teething Lotion and find it all that it claims to be. Our little boy cut his teeth so hard that he almost had spasms. Bathing his gums with the Lotion would relieve him immediately. He knew the bottle better than all others and would cry for it. I advise every mother who has teething children to use Dr. Hand's Teething Lotion." At all druggists, 25c.

Foley's Honey and Tar

Cough Syrup wherever introduced is considered the most pleasant and effective remedy for all throat and lung complaints. It is the only prominent cough medicine that contains no opiates and that can safely be given to children. H. F. Vortkamp, n. e. cor. Main and North streets.

KEEP HEALTHY

And Use the

KELLY SHOWER BATH RING AND Hot Water Proof Hose

Prevents Wetting the Head and Floor

$2 EXPRESS AD. 25c.

Agents wanted in every city who can purchase doz. lots or more. Send for catalogue. Frost Proof Water Closets, Self Acting Water Closets, Kalley Stop and Water Cock.

THOS. KELLY & BROS.,

209 Madison Street, Chicago.

A positive cure for all coughs and la-grippe without causing nausea.

Dr. Kay's Lung Balm

Price 25c. Sent by mail by Dr. B. J. Kay Medical Co., Omaha, Neb. Send for booklet. Sold by Druggists.

WOMANHOOD In order to teach suffering women how to guard against dangerous surgical operations and quack treatment the American Association of Physicians passed a resolution to distribute a little book on female diseases. "Womanhood" explains all diseases and irregularities peculiar to women and gives the best methods of home treatment. Sent free for stamp to pay postage.

Address, ELEANOR KENDALL,
816 North 25th St., South Omaha, Neb.

Dr. Kay's Renovator Guaranteed to cure dyspepsia, constipation liver and kidney diseases. At druggists 25c and $1. Send for free sample and booklet. Dr. B. J. Kay Medical Co., Omaha Neb.

Piles! Piles! Piles!

Dr. Williams' Indian Pile Ointment will cure Blind, Bleeding, Ulcerated and Itching Piles. It absorbs the tumors, allays the itching at once, acts as a poultice, gives instant relief. Dr. Williams' Indian Pile Ointment is prepared only for Piles and Itching of the private parts, and nothing else. Every box is guaranteed. Sold by druggists, sent by mail, for 50c and $1 per box. WILLIAMS M'F'G CO., Prop's, Cleveland O. For sale by F. H. Vortkamp, n e corner Main and North streets. tf

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A Handsome Complexion

is one of the greatest charms a woman can possess. PERSONI'S COMPLEXION POWDER gives it.

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MONEY TO LOAN.

Regardless of the hard times and the stringency in the money market everywhere, am in a position to get all the money needed to supply good applications for loans.

I can get you a loan at less rate of interest and on better terms, than you can get elsewhere. When you want a loan be sure and give me a call and get my terms.

T. K. WILKINS, 9-10 Opera Block.

MONEY TO LOAN.

We have money to loan at 5 to 7 per cent in sums of

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upon improved city and farm property. Loans made promptly. When in need of loan give us a call

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NO. 54.

East Side Public Square. First-class Barber shop. Ladies' and Children's Haircutting done to order. Special room for ladies' hair dressing.

A. LUTZ Proprietor.

Notice of Appointment.

Estate of Martin A. Krofft, deceased.

The undersigned has been appointed and qualified as Administrator of the estate of Martin A. Krofft, late of Allen county, Ohio, deceased.

Dated this 21st day of December, A. D. 1896.

1-2.3w* PHILIP A. HAWK, Administrator.

Dr. Miles' Nerve Plasters cure RHEUMATISM, WEAK BACKS. At druggists, only 25c.

NEWSPAPER ARCHIVE®

STORIES OF THE DAY.

Interesting Notes on Matters That Are Talked of in Europe.

After having had her name put forward as the bride of almost every marriageable prince in Europe, including the son of King Humbert and the young king of Servia, Princess Feodora of Sleswick-Holstein-Sonderburg-Augustenburg, the youngest and only unmarried sister of the German empress, has now been affianced to Prince Max of Baden, who, in view of the fact that his cousin, the only son of the ruler of Baden, is childless, may be considered as heir presumptive to the grand duchy. The marriage is one which gives great satisfaction at Berlin, the present grand duke being married to the only sister of the late Emperor Frederick II.

A special gold medal is to be presented to Dr. Nansen by the Royal Geographical society, in London, in commemoration of his brilliant journey in the arctic region. He is already a gold medalist of the society, and the special medal which he is now to receive will be similar in character to that given by the society to Mr. Stanley on his return from his memorable Emin Pasha expedition. It is understood that the Nansen medal will on the obverse side bear a portrait of the explorer and on the reverse a design showing the Fram. Replicas in a less costly metal than gold will be presented to Dr. Nansen's companions, and the presentation will be made at the meeting on Feb. 8, 1897, at which Dr. Nansen has undertaken to deliver an address to the fellows of the Royal Geographical society.

Although it was expressly stipulated at the time when the extradition of Arton took place that there should be no attempt to try or to punish him for his complicity in the Panama scandals, yet inasmuch as he himself has now expressed the desire to stand trial in connection therewith, the English government has waived its objections, and accordingly the preliminary hearing of this principal actor in the Panama swindle has now begun. His object in asking to be placed on trial is avowedly to obtain the opportunity for revealing in court the names of those of his fellow culprits who promised to befriend and shield him and who have neglected to fulfill their engagements. France is therefore on the eve of a revival of the Panama scandal, which threatens to be even still more fertile in sensational incidents than were the earlier stages of the affair.

Italy has just enacted a law providing for a scale of bounties which should bring joy and prosperity to her shipbuilders and shipowners. For every iron or steel vessel built in an Italian yard the government will grant a construction bounty of $15 a ton, gross tonnage and $4 a ton if the hull be of wood. The navigation bounties are equally munificent. They are too complicated to give in detail here, but as a specimen of their quality it may be mentioned that a bounty of 20 cents per ton, of gross tonnage, per 1,000 miles navigated is allowed during the first three years of the ship's age. In return for these navigation bounties steam vessels must carry gratis the royal mails.

Although Earl Grey, Sir Frederick Carrington and Sir Richard Martin are the nominal heads of the government of Matabeleland and of the other British possessions in Africa to the north of Natal, it is manifestly Cecil Rhodes who, in spite of his absence of official status, is the autocrat of the entire country, for all the treaties of peace recently negotiated with the native chiefs have been secured by him, and he is the one man of personal authority in the country. It is upon him that the natives look as the autocrat of South Africa, and in their expressive language they have likened him to the "bull that separates the fighting bulls," while they compare his chief lieutenant and Fidus Achates, John Colenbrander, to the "tick bird," which in Africa always accompanies cattle and helps them to get rid of ticks.

The chief of police of Berlin has invited colleagues in the various cities and towns of the German empire to take part in a meeting for the purpose of discussing the advisability of adopting the Bertillon method of identifying criminals by anthropometry.

There is one institution in France which has hitherto contrived to withstand all the numerous and revolutionary changes of government—namely the Bank of France, which owes its origin to the first Napoleon. The question as to the renewal of its charter has just come up for discussion in the legislature, which has voted its prolongation. Since the foundation of the bank it has had but ten governors, while France has during the same period of time had no less than nine different regimes and considerably over a hundred cabinets.

It is evident that there is but little improvement as yet in the lot of the Armenians in Turkey, for the Armenian bishop of the Hasskeui suburb of Constantinople has just been sentenced to death for keeping a loaded revolver in his house. It is difficult to imagine the archbishop of Canterbury being condemned to be hanged for keeping a pistol at Lambeth palace, or Archbishop Corrigan sentenced to electrocution for carrying a "gun" concealed beneath his coat. Yet such comparisons are necessary to realize the condition of affairs that prevails at the present moment in Constantinople.

An international congress is to take place at Brussels next summer for the purpose of discussing the subject of accidents to workingmen.

The federal council at Bern has unanimously decided to bring forward a bill for the amendment of the Swiss constitution. The revision proposed is in the direction of unifying the civil and criminal law.—New York Tribune.

THE OLD HOUSE.

It stands in a desolate weed grown garden
Where once the roses and the lilies grew
And the lily lifted a waxen chalice
To catch the wine of the summer dew.
The grass creeps over the mossy threshold,
The dust lies deep on the rotting floor,
And the wind it wails in changing voice,
Through broken window and open door.

Oh, poor old house, do you grieve as men do
For the vanished things that were yours of yore,
Like a heart in whom love was at one time tenant,
But has gone away to come back no more?
Do you dream of the dead as the days pass over?
Of the pang of parting and joy of birth
In hearts turned dust? Ah, that dust is scattered
By winds of a lifetime to ends of earth!

See! Here by the path is one little blossom.
It lifts to the sunshine a fragile face.
It springs from a root that some dead hand planted
A century back in the dear home place.
Little thought they whom the old house sheltered
That life would fade as the leaves that fall.
They had their day and are quite forgotten.
The little flower has outlived them all.
—Eben E. Rexford in Youth's Companion.

AN UNSUNG HERO.

If ever there lived a saint on earth, it was our old rector at Barmby. He was not very clever, nor very eloquent, nor, in his ecclesiastical notions, thoroughly up to date. He had never in his life, so far as I know, done anything which the world could call heroic. His biography would have been voted singularly dull reading at the clubs. But for 40 years he had manfully done his humdrum duty in an obscure little corner of the earth, and to all who came in contact with him he had set an example of perfect Christian courtesy and purity and nobleness of character.

A very peaceful spot was the old rectory, with its quaint gables and lattice and upper windows, sunk deep in the ivy of two centuries, and the jessamine and gelder roses wreathing the porch and lower walls. It was a large house for a lonely old man. "Too large for me now," the rector used to say, and then he would utter one of his rare sighs.

I knew why the rector sighed, for the house had once had its mistress, and the prattle of a little child had sounded in its rooms. But the child lay in the churchyard, and the snows of more than 30 winters had shrouded its trimly kept grave, and the wife—well, the rector never spoke of her, and all information was gathered from the gossip of the few old people in the village who yet remembered her. They all told the same story in much the same words and with the same solemn shakings of the head. So I was impressed with the facts that she had been a very beautiful woman "wi' no more brains nor an empty churn, aye thinking of her dresses and her gaddings abroad and ne'er a whit of her good man and the poor;" that, after some years of miserable married life, she had died when on a visit to friends in London; that the rector had returned from the funeral a broken man, and, kind and cheerful though he was, had really never regained his former spirits. So it came about that the big rectory was but thinly inhabited—by the old rector, a housekeeper of nearly equal age, who had once been the child's nurse, and a little servant maid.

It was my privilege to be one of the rector's closest friends, and often have I blessed the day when I somewhat reluctantly accepted the post of schoolmaster and organist at Barmby village. Little did I think on that first evening, as I grumbled over the hard necessity that had compelled me to bury my ambitions in that remote spot, that I was to spend there the happiest days of my life and enjoy the intimacy of one of the wisest and best of men.

It was always a great treat to hear our rector preach. He was not usually eloquent, as I have said, nor did he show much learning in his sermons, save indirectly by that clearness of thought and style which bespeak a thorough grasp of the subject. But somehow it was impossible to be inattentive while he was in the pulpit, for every word had a simple force of its own—every word was spoken as by one who felt that he had a message to deliver and longed that every one in the church should hear it, for he loved them, and it was for their good.

But on that particular Sunday evening that I am to write about he was at his very best. Standing up in his high pulpit, with the candle light shining on his kindly face and silver hair, he looked down silently for a space upon the congregation scattered over the large church below as if he were breathing a dumb blessing over them before he gave out his simple text, "Little children, love one another." I will not try to reproduce what he said. Its indefinable charm lay not so much in the words as in the strange, sympathetic thrill of the musical voice, in the kindling glow of the eloquent face as he insisted that Christianity without charity is nothing and implored his hearers to beware of harsh judgments, to lay aside envy, spite and hatred, to be merciful and ready to forgive.

It was a well worn text, an old, old subject, the theme of many a splendid orator, but never has it been treated of by one who felt and lived more earnestly the truths he preached to others. Each sentence seemed to come hot from his heart and to express the man and his convictions. I do not know how long the sermon lasted, but we all sat spellbound while he continued to speak, listening to the tones of his voice, now ringing out clear and strong and echoed back from roof and arch and pillar, now reasoning quietly and calmly, now sinking to a gentle, persuasive pleading that was almost a whisper. When at last he ceased, and, trembling and wiping his brow descended the stone pulpit stairs, I could not somehow break, with the notes of the organ, the great hush that prevailed throughout the church.

In the vestry, after the service, he was very silent, and I knew from the flushed cheek and glowing eye that the spell of his own inspiration was still strong upon him.

When at length his day's work was quite ended, he put his arm affectionately in mine once more and passed out of the vestry door into the churchyard. The sun had already sunk below the horizon, but the moon had not yet risen, and a quiet somber evening light brooded over the still and peaceful sleeping place of the dead. Not a breath of air stirred the black cedars or the grass upon the graves, and the fall of our steps upon the graveled path and the hiss of the owl in the belfry were the only sounds that told of the presence of life. Instead of going straight back to the rectory the old man turned once more toward that secluded part of the churchyard where all his earthly hopes were entombed.

Suddenly he started and stopped short.

"What's that?" he almost whispered, pointing in the direction of the white cross that marked the burial place of his child.

My eye followed his finger, and there, sure enough, stretched by the side of the grave, was a dark, human form. The rector dropped my arm, and, quitting the path, had advanced a few steps over the grass, when suddenly the figure rose and stood facing us. It was a woman, clad in black from head to foot. Her face still wore the marks of beauty, but age had faded it, and it now was sorrow stricken and haggard and wan. Yet even in that faint light I could see the hard, defiant flash in her dark eyes as she stood there, tall and motionless, waiting for us to speak.

"Edith!" said the rector in a soft, wondering voice. "Why, Edie! Why, God bless my soul!"

There was a hesitating smile upon his face as he spoke, as if he wanted to welcome and reassure and yet was uncertain of his ground.

"You have caught me," answered the woman. "This is not your way to the rectory. I came"—and the hard voice faltered—"to see my child's grave once more before—before it is too late."

"Too late?" said the rector interrogatively.

"Too late," she replied fiercely. "After tonight I shall be more dead to you than ever."

And then the head suddenly dropped down and the harsh tones grew weak and humble as she added: "Will you give me just—a little—food? And then I will trouble you no more."

But the rector had returned to his first thought, and all he could say was: "Edie? Why, Edie returned to her husband? Why, God bless my soul!"

And so saying he went up to the shrinking woman and tenderly laid his hand upon her arm. Then I thought it was no time for the presence of a stranger and stole softly away, but as I turned the corner of the church I saw the old man leading his long lost wife down the path toward the rectory. He was still speaking to her in loving accents of persuasion and encouragement, and she, disarmed, was weeping bitterly.

"You see, she's my wife," said the rector, giving himself a twist in the big armchair in the library, whither a brief note had summoned me on the evening following the events I have related.

"I see," I replied and could think of nothing further to remark.

"You see," continued the rector, with another twist, "she's not dead."

"No," said I, for the fact was too obvious to dispute.

"You see—er"— said the rector and paused.

"Yes," I answered, for I saw all that.

"Well, she left me and went and lived with—er—elsewhere."

I raised my eyebrows and looked sympathetic, and, indeed, I felt it, for the poor old man was miserable and embarrassed.

"And I—in short, I didn't mention anything about it. In fact, I—well, I didn't tell the truth about it—God forgive me!" said the rector, turning very red and giving me a wretched little deprecating glance.

I was silent, but I could not help thinking that perhaps God would forgive that falsehood more readily than the hard truths of many a righteous man.

"I can't make any excuses for myself," he went on, fidgeting, "nor yet for my poor dear wife, but you see—er"—

And thereupon he rose and leaned against the mantelpiece kicking the fender with his foot.

"Well, you see, she was very young when she married me, and perhaps—er—she had not had a very good education and surroundings, you know. And then perhaps I didn't treat her very wisely—too solemn, you know, too busy with my own affairs, too parochial. Not but what she ought to have known better," he added suddenly. "I must not make excuses for such a sin."

He shuffled about uneasily for awhile before proceeding.

"And she had known the other man for some time before she ever met me, and—I think she cared for him—really—and she thought he didn't care for her, and so, you see, she married me."

"I see," I answered again.

"Not that I am making any excuses for such wrongdoing," said the rector, "but, you see, she found out her mistake too late, and—er—she may have been terribly tempted."

And again the poor old man glanced at me pathetically, as if he were mutely pleading for a milder judgment than his conscience dared to ask for in words.

"Well, at any rate," said I with an air of forced cheerfulness, "she has left him now and come back to you."

"He's dead," said the rector simply, but he winced as he said it.

I looked at him in silence, marveling at his patience and forgiveness. So this was not even a case of the returning penitent. The wife had been persuaded to come back only when the lover's home had failed. And yet there had been no scorn, no bitterness, only the welcome of an unconquerable love.

"She will live with me now," he went on presently. "I think she is of a better state of mind, and I—er—have written to resign the living of Barmby."

I started, and words of expostulation rose to my lips. But a glance at the rector silenced me. I knew the decision was irrevocable and felt that it was right.

"The question is," said the rector, "how I should make known my—er—my deceit to the parish. I have read of men who have made great confessions in public, but I don't like it. It's interesting and—er—melodramatic and—er—unnecessary. So I have just told you quietly about it, and I will tell a few others who ought to hear it from me, and then you—er—can say what you think right about it, will you?"

And again there came that pathetic, shamefaced, pleading glance toward me. Our positions seemed suddenly changed. My guide and teacher, in whose mature wisdom my youth had so long trusted, was appealing to me like a humble child who had been naughty and wanted help and forgiveness. I could scarcely keep back my tears as, seizing the rector's hand, I silently conveyed to him that I would obey his wishes.

"And," said he, "if—when—you speak of my poor wife, deal gently with her."

I bowed my head in reply, for speech was impossible, and then, turning hastily, I picked up my hat and left the house.

There was a great sensation in the village when the news became public, and a babel of confused opinions. Mrs. Potts of the village shop, whom I had noticed weeping tears of sympathy over the rector's sermon on the previous Sunday evening, declared that she "could kill that wicked woman who had ruinated the dear old man's life and taken him from them." Many of her regular customers shared her murderous mood and repeated her expressions with the utmost fidelity, for Mrs. Potts was a great authority in the village.

Another small section was quite willing to overlook the whole matter if only the rector would stay. A third, to my intense indignation, declined to forgive the rector for his deceit and displayed a disgusting proneness to criticise and carp at the whole life of the man they had so long professed to admire and love. Meanwhile the subject of all this clatter calmly went about his daily work, only showing by a timid shrinking in his manner that he was aware of his position.

Early the following Friday the rector quitted forever the house that had been his home for so many years. At his request I breakfasted with him. He sat at the foot of the table, while his wife presided over the tea at the other end, and I noticed how, all through the meal, he missed no opportunity of paying her little attentions, little quiet acts of courtesy, rewarded by dumb gratitude.

She looked far better than when I saw her in the churchyard—less haggard and more peaceful—but old and broken and humbled. We tried to talk, but with little success, despite the feeling that there was much to be said and the time was short, for the air was laden with the sense of parting, and the recollections of the past held us in their spell.

The meal ended, and the hour of departure drew near. The old rector, tearless but with quivering lips, paid one last visit to the church where he had ministered so faithfully for 40 years, took one last lingering look at his beloved library and out over the trim lawn and flower beds, and then, offering his arm to his wife and bidding me come with them, he set out resolutely for the station.

That was the saddest walk I ever took. It seemed as if the life and soul of Barmby were departing from it, and as I slowly returned alone, after the last farewell, the cottage, the village green, the school, the clubhouse, the church, wore a strange and unfamiliar look—no longer the places I had known and loved so well.—Pearson's Weekly.

A Glimpse of Rosa Bonheur.

Mr. Vanderbilt and Mr. Avery went down to By one morning to see Mme. Rosa Bonheur at her country place on the outskirts of the forest of Fontainebleau. Her well appointed trap met them at the station and carried them to the house in time for luncheon. Mme. Bonheur poured out their wine for them herself, and they talked of the forest and the beautiful surroundings of her home. "Yes," she said, "but I hear them cutting down trees in the forest sometimes, and every blow of the ax hurts my heart." She had met Mr. August Belmont and had received commissions from him to paint two pictures when he was United States minister at The Hague. She had told him that she was exceedingly busy and couldn't paint them very soon, and he had said: "How long must I wait? One year, two years? I am getting old, and I want them soon." She asked him how old he was, and when he said, "Seventy-one," she replied, "That is my age too." So she shook hands with him and told him she would paint the pictures for him at once.

Mme. Bonheur related this incident to her visitors and added: "Mr. Belmont is a great Democrat, isn't he? When will he be elected president of the United States?" She evidently thought his chances were very good, but Mr. Vanderbilt told her he thought they were about as good as his own, and his he considered painfully small, so Mme. Bonheur was enlightened on American politics. "At this time," says Mr. Avery, "she did not seem at all old. She had a refined, womanly face and a very sweet voice. Her temperament was bright and gay and her manner charming."—William A. Coffin in Century.

Also to Be Suspended.

It is told of Judge E. H. Gary that before his election to the bench he was associate counsel in the trial of a murder case in the circuit court of an adjoining county. The late Colonel Joselyn, one of the ablest advocates in his day, concluded a most effective argument to the jury in these words:

"Gentlemen, do not come to a conclusion during the appeal which will be made in the closing argument. Suspend judgment until the argument is closed. Suspend judgment until the charge is given you by the court. Suspend judgment until you have retired to the jury room. Suspend judgment until you have time to consider carefully what the awful result of your verdict will be if you fail to acquit."

The jury were bathed in tears, but the effect of the peroration was materially lessened by the words of Prosecutor Gary, who deliberately rose, and, as if continuing the argument, said, "And finally, gentlemen, because it is necessary, suspend the prisoner."—Chicago Times-Herald.

Shadeless Forests.

Large tracts of dense forests in Australia are practically shadeless. Many kinds of trees in that strange country turn their edges instead of the flat surface of the leaves to the sun, and thus one may stand under a tree of enormous size and be as fully exposed to the sun as though he were in the open plain. Travel through these forests is said to be exceedingly arduous work, as the trees, while they do not cut off the sun, prevent the breeze from reaching the ground, and thus the traveler experiences a stifling heat.

Literary Aspirant.

Literary Aspirant—It must be fine to be an editor and have an opportunity to print all that you want to say.

Experienced Newspaper Man—Lord bless you, boy, I printed all I wanted to say in the first three weeks! Ever since then I've been filling space.—Somerville Journal.

The instinct of motherhood shows itself in a girl's earliest years. Her doll-baby, or it may be a cat-baby, is her most cherished companion. From the cradle to the grave maternal instinct is the center and source of a woman's womanhood, and all her physical life is influenced for good or bad by the condition of the delicate organism most intimately concerned in reproduction.

Every mother of a growing girl ought to anticipate the earliest indications of approaching womanhood and take every precaution to insure health and soundness in this one particular. The slightest indication of weakness should be corrected immediately by Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription the unfailing specific for these delicate complaints.

It gives special strength and healthy tone to the feminine organism, and the nerve centres, thus overcoming many distressing symptoms which are wrongfully attributed to neuralgia or dyspepsia or insomnia but are really caused by an unhealthy condition of the special organism.

Mothers may consult Dr. Pierce either personally or by letter, concerning their children's health or their own, in the most absolute confidence, and will receive professional advice free of charge. Dr. Pierce has been for thirty years chief consulting physician of the Invalids' Hotel and Surgical Institute, at Buffalo, N. Y. The best fruits of his life-long experience are embodied in a thousand-page illustrated book, "The Common Sense Medical Adviser," containing explicit directions for home-treatment of many complaints which may be successfully managed without a physician, and a vast amount of valuable information about the human anatomy and physiology. A paper-bound copy will be sent free for 21 one-cent stamps to pay the bare cost of mailing, or cloth-bound for ten cents extra. Address above Institute.

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No. 1, Express, daily, except Sunday, for Chicago and the West	9:35 a m
No. 31, Local Freight, daily, except Sunday	7.00 a m
No. 13, Wells Fargo Limited Express, daily, except Monday	6:50 m
TRAINS EAST.	
No. 8, Vestibule Limited, daily, for New York and Boston	9:02 p m
No. 2, Express, daily, except Sunday	3:30 p m
No. 12, Express daily, for New York	2:46 a m
No. 32, Local Freight, daily, except Sunday	7:10 a m

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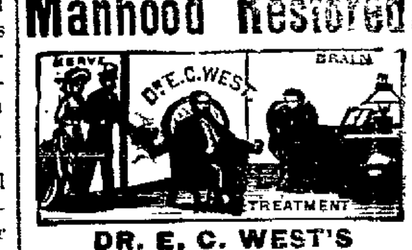

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OFFICES.—LIMA, O.: AND SPOKANE, WASH.

This company is composed strictly of Lima people, and promises to pay very handsome dividends on the investments.

Read what the Rossland paper says about the strike on the GOLD STAR MINE which almost joins the ARGENTINE:

Work has been progressing for some time on the Gold Star, which lies five and a half miles north of the town, and which was purchased last summer by a Toronto syndicate composed of J. Lorne Campbell, George A. Stimson and others. V. D. Williamson, one of the owners, retaining an interest. No incorporation has yet been formed, the present owners having determined to put in the necessary money to ascertain the value of the property themselves.

The work so far done consists of a cross-cut tunnel 37 feet long and a winze 7 feet deep. The tunnel was run to cut the ledge. It was run in ore almost its entire length, the ore being of a solid, clean pyrrhotite of low grade, running from $5 to $8 in gold. The winze was started to get greater depth and thus perhaps find a pay chute.

This effort has already been rewarded, as four feet of ore has been found on the foot wall, which, on a careful assay made this week, ran $23 in gold. This ore is in the bottom of the winze and is 33 feet from the surface. It is a fine grained pyrrotite, with more or less quartz. It is a very pretty ore and looks like the best ore taken from the Kootenay and Columbia.

The present showing on the Gold Star is certainly most encouraging. The discovery of so large a body of sulphide in this part of the camp was a surprise. Owing to the heavy deposit of "wash" it is difficult to prospect the country. The Gold Star ledge came to the surface in but one place—a sort of knoll on which the iron cap was exposed. John S. Atchison is in charge of the work on the property, and he is greatly pleased with the present outlook.—*Rossland Miner.*

The directors of this company have deciped to place 10,000 shares of treasury stock on the market here to sell at 5 cents per share, which must be sold between now and January 12th, '97. This is one of the most promising properties in which Lima people have an interest. The stock is fully paid, and non assessable, so if you are looking for a small investment which promises GREAT BIG RETURNS, come and see me before January 12th, and get a thousand or more of the $10,000 shares.

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THE TIMES-DEMOCRAT.

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ABOUT PEOPLE.

Who They Are, Where They Have Been or Are Going.

Walden L. Laskey, of Toledo, is the guest of Gibson Dildine.

Miss Mamie Cunningham, of north Elizabeth street, is visiting friends in Delphos.

A. P. Fritz and family have returned from a visit with relatives at Kettlerville.

Miss Orah Murphy, of Van Wert, is the guest of Nora Sullivan, of west Wayne street.

Prof. and Mrs. W. D. Moon, of Wapakoneta, are guests of Dr. and Mrs. F. L. Laudick.

Mrs. J. H. Watkins and children, of south Main street, are visiting friends in Delphos.

Mrs. Thomas Fealy, of south Pine street, is visiting friends in McCartyville, Shelby county.

Ira Clum and family, of east Second street, are visiting Mrs. Clum's parents in Cridersville.

J. W. Crum and Miss Clara Crum, of west Spring street, are visiting relatives in Carey, Ohio.

Mrs. J. W. Stewart returned to her home in Troy to-day, after visiting relatives on the South Side.

Mrs. A. E Schosker and Miss Kittie Halter, of Spencerville, were guests of Mrs. E. E. Langley yesterday.

Mrs. Phillip Mestel, of Ft Wayne, is the guest of her daughter, Mrs. H. S. Cherry, of 316 west Vine street.

Rev. I. J. Swanson, who has been spending his Christmas vacation in Canada, returned home this morning.

Policeman Seeds and Detective Wiles attended the policemen's annual ball at Kenton Thursday night.

Miss Ella Kingseed, of Sidney, was the guest yesterday of her sister, Mrs. W. D. Gallagher, of McDonel street.

John W. Arnold, of Second street was called to Delphos this morning by the death of his uncle, Benjamin Powell

Mrs John Roller, who has been the guest of her parents in this city, has returned to her home in McCartyville, O

J L Berry, of Ada, and bl brother-in-law G W. Vantasie, of Newark, were the guests yesterday of the former's sister, Mrs. George B. Anspach, of Hughes avenue.

Mrs. John Berkshire and daughter, of north Elizabeth street, are visiting her mother, Mrs. Mary Harmon, in Sidney.

Mrs. James Shea and son Walter, of Findlay, are the guests of Mr. and Mrs Albert J. Dimond, of 132 west McKibben street.

Miss Irene Friedly, of east High street, and Mr. Will Friedly, of Treat's dry goods store, are visiting their parents in Ada.

R P. Higginbotham, who has been the guest of his parents during the holidays, returned this morning to Montpelier, Indiana.

Mrs. Elza Kennedy and son yesterday returned to their home in Gibsonburg, after a visit with relatives and friends on Second street

Mr. and Mrs. Grant Hamilton, of Chicago, who have been visiting friends on the South Side, left this morning for a visit with friends in Wapakoneta.

Tom and Will Connair have returned to Terre Haute, Ind., to resume their work in the Vandalia shops, after a pleasant visit with their parents on north West street.

PATROLMEN

And the Beats They Will Patrol During the Month.

Capt. Bell has assigned the patrolmen to their respective beats for this month as follows:

Day force—Seeds, north of Wayne street; Cretsinger, central; Bacome, south side.

Night force—O'Brien and Conway, north of Wayne street; Goebel, east of Main, Wayne to river; Lilly, Wayne to river, Main and west of Main: McCoy and Smalley, south side.

Free Exhibition.

This evening, at 7:15 o'clock, the California Introducing Company's California Fruit Car will be at the Market street railroad crossing, and will be thrown open to the public The car contains a magnificent exhibit of the fruit products of Santa Clara county, California, that is well worth seeing. Everybody is invited Admission free.

Numbers That Draw Prizes.

First, No 259.

Second, No. 838. Held by Dalbart Moon.

Third, No 3852.

Fourth, No. 2456. Held by A. E. Mowery.

Fifth, No 568.

Judges, Daniel Daniels and D Baker. SIMONS,

273 North Main str e'.

NEW YEAR'S GIFTS

Freely Distributed by Judge Richie To-day.

PRISONERS SENTENCED.

Two Criminals Will be Confined in the Intermediate Penitentiary at Mansfield—Quintette to be Taken to Columbus.

This afternoon seven prisoners languish in the county jail meditating over their crimes and picturing to themselves scenes of prison life different from that which they are now enduring. The hearts of some of these are lighter than they were yesterday, but most of them have cause to feel somewhat disconsolate for with several New Years will have passed again before they breathe the air of freedom and claim the honor of free citizenship.

The court room at 9:30 was well filled with those who through curiosity were present to see and hear sentence pronounced on those who have been convicted of a felony.

The sheriff brought over three prisoners, and Bowersox was the first to face the court. He had been indicted for rape and had plead guilty. In reply to the question whether he had anything to say he answered that what he had done was with the consent of another, and asked for leniency from the court. The judge said that the statute limitations made his offense a crime, and that the court had the power to order him committed either to the Ohio penitentiary at Columbus or the intermediate penitentiary at Mansfield. The law imposed a penalty of from three to twenty years. He sentenced him to the Mansfield penitentiary, and the board there has the power to dismiss him at such a time when they feel that he has atoned sufficiently for his crime. Bowers is the first prisoner to be sentenced to the new prison, which is intended for younger criminals and those who have never before been convicted of a crime.

Chas. Odien, whose real name is unknown, and who claims Monroe, Mich., as his home, was next sentenced for stealing a bicycle. The judge said that the legislature had not yet done its duty in that it had not made bicycle stealing the same felony as that of stealing a horse. Bicycle stealing has become too popular. The Judge said that he had been inclined to sentence such thieves to the limit as prescribed by the law. The prisoner probably was not a professional bicycle thief and would receive some leniency, and would be sentenced to seven years in the Mansfield penitentiary. The Board, he informed the prisoner, to modify the sentence and make it longer or shorter, and the prisoner himself could, in a measure, determine this for the Board.

King, who had been indicted and found guilty for pocket picking, said he had nothing to say why sentence should not be pronounced The judge said he felt that any advice that might be given would be of no use, but that it would be like pouring water onto a duck's back. The court could act only for the protection of society, and the sentence would be five years—the limit

Frank Bunch, whose real name is unknown, had been found guilty of burglary. He said: "I was broke and had gone into the house for money, but I didn't get any. I was in need of clothing and food." The judge informed the prisoner that he was just as successful as he should have been and we trust be as fortunate in not having a gun when Mr. Cunningham caught him, for had he one he probably would have used it and be tried for a different crime. The judge told him the state would confine him in a place where he could receive regular meals, free clothing and regular hours of sleep, and that it would not be in another's bed room. The place he was informed was the Ohio penitentiary and that he would be a visitor there for five years.

Charles Buck was then sentenced for burglary and larceny, for stealing a watch. He insisted that he was not guilty and said he never before had been arrested for a felony or misdemeanor.

Twelve men, the court said, had found him guilty, and the court had found no error. The court was inclined to be more lenient with the prisoner and would make his sentence one year in the Ohio penitentiary, the least that could be imposed according to the statutes.

Daniel Bowers was the next to receive sentence. His lawyers argued a motion for a new trial on the grounds of error in the admission of

(Continued on Fifth Page.)

STREET TALK.

A F. Heindel, who has charge of the pump station for the L. E & W. railroad, received a check for $30 Thursday from Hon. Cal Brice as a Christmas present Mr. Brice has always remembered Mr Heindel or some member of his family in some such substantial way each Christmas for several years. Senator Brice was captain of the company to which Heindel belonged in the rebellion, and there has always been a warm friendship existing between them.—*Celina Democrat.*

IN SOCIETY.

Holiday Events Enjoyed by Prominent People.

AT THE KALB MANSION

A Brilliant Affair Was Held Last Evening—The Tom Thumb Wedding—Choral Society Recital—Other Notable Events.

One of the most elaborate New Year affairs held in the city last night was held at the residence of Mr. and Mrs. Gus Kalb, on west Market street. A large number of guests were present, and the affair was a brilliant one throughout. The following was the formal programme of entertainment:

THE KALB MANSION

1897. 1897

"A HAPPY NEW YEAR TO ALL."

Part 1.

Musical selection. ..... Mrs Gus Weil
"Fast Friends"—a comedietta in one act: (a curtain raiser) .....
Laura Latimer..... Miss Lena Victor
Mabel Hamilton..... Mrs Gus Kalb
Vocal solo..... Mrs A Koch
Piano solo..... Mrs A. Fox

Part 2.

"Uncle's Will"—a comedietta in one act.
Cast of characters:
Charles Cashmore ..... Mr Henry Lichtenstader.
Mr. Barker..... Mr. Hugo Seligman
Florence Marigold..... Miss Cora Oettinger
Piano solo..... Miss Gusta Weisenthal
"What I Saw at the Play," and original poem by ..... Miss Cora Oettinger
Vocal solo ..... Miss Lena Victor
Vocal solo ..... Mr. Henry Lichtenstader

During the evening a dinner consisting of an elaborate menu was served.

Rev. C. B. Crawford, rector of Christ church, gave a New Year's Day breakfast to his choir yesterday.

Miss Gertrude Frith entertained a few friends New Year's eve in a delightful manner. They watched the old year take its departure and welcomed the new. Light refreshments were served, and the guests departed at a late hour, wishing Miss Gertie a happy New Year.

The Misses Pearl and Nellie Bigelow entertained a few of their friends New Year's eve. A delicious oyster supper was served, after which the party assisted in giving a happy adieu to the old year and a most hearty welcome to 1897.

Miss Souder, of Nevada, who has been visiting Mrs E. V. Walls, has returned home.

The Misses Trevor entertained a merry watch party Thursday evening.

Mrs. Brown, of Delphos, has been the guest of her daughter, Mrs. Sullivan, of west North street, this week.

Dr. and Mrs. Sullivan, of west North street, will be at home to the members of the Four G Club and their husbands next Wednesday evening.

Miss Mayme Nichols, of Toledo, is visiting relatives in our city.

Mrs. Heddins, of Montpelier, is visiting her sister, Mrs Alex McDonald, of west North street.

The following invitations have been issued:

Mrs Frank Schill
desires your presence at the marriage of her daughter,
Clara,
to
Anthony F Vortkamp,
Tuesday morning, January twelfth,
eighteen hundred and ninety seven,
at 8:30 o'clock,
St. John's Catholic church corner Bremer and Green streets, Cincinnati Ohio.
At home after January 20th,
468 N. Elizabeth St.,
Lima, Ohio.

The holiday musicale of the Sapphо club, held Thursday at the home of Mrs. W. L. Porter, was a very successful one. The guests from out of town were. Mrs. Heddins, of Montpelier, Ind.; Mrs Aves, of Norwalk, O.; Mesdames Owens and Holliday, of Chicago; Mesdames Bond and Lufkin, of Buffalo; Miss Nichols of Toledo, and Miss Souders, of Nevada Several additional numbers were given (to those on the programme). Mrs. Lufkin delighted all by singing in a pleasing voice "The Wedding Day," by Blumenthal. Mrs Brice gave "The Wooing of Maud," and Miss Souders won much applause by her playing of Liszt's Eighth Rhapsodie,

Continued on Fifth Page.

TALES OF THE TOWN.

Reese Longsworth has accepted a position in the insurance office of M. J. Sullivan.

Barbers will meet at 8 o'clock Monday night in the Trades Council rooms in the Gazette building.

Fireman Daley, of the Central fire department, is taking a vacation and Ed Titus is working in his place.

F. J. Mersman, manager of the Singer Sewing machine office at Marion, O., was here to-day enroute to Van Wert, where he has been transferred as local manager.

The annual election of officers and directors of the Lima Home and Savings Association will be held Monday evening, Jan. 4, 1897, at the office, rooms 5 and 6, old postoffice block, from 7 to 9 o'clock.

Lima Camp No. 3,290 M W. A.

Regular meeting of Lima Camp No. 3,290 on Monday evening, Jan. 4th, 1897. The meeting will be held in new Gazette Hall, on east High street. The new officers will be installed. All be present. Harry W. Johnson, "a wanderer in the forest" will be present to be cared for.

I. STANTS, V. C.

W. T. COPELAND, C.

BABE DRANK LYE.

Sufferings End in Death After Six Months.

JOHN WOODWORTH DEAD.

His Death Results from Lung Trouble After a Long Illness.—Funeral Services Will Be Held To-morrow Afternoon.

At 3 o'clock yesterday afternoon Roy, the little son of Mr. and Mrs. James Jones, of 903 west Elm street, died after a painful illness of six months' duration. The funeral services were held from the Spring street Baptist church at 2:30 o'clock this afternoon, and the remains were interred in the old cemetery.

The death of this child was an unusually deplorable one. The little one was a bright, healthy child and was the joy of the household until about six months ago, when one day during a moment when the mother had left the room, the little one got possession of a small vessel containing lye and swallowed a portion of the fiery fluid before the mother returned. The child was given every care, but the terrible lye had a fatal effect and death finally relieved him of his sufferings. The child was aged two years and four months.

DEATH OF JOHN WOODWORTH

John P. Woodworth, son of foreman A L Woodworth, of the C., H. & D blacksmith shops, died at his home, 752 west North street, at 1:30 o'clock this morning from throat and lung trouble, after seven months illness. The deceased was aged 24 years and 11 months.

The funeral services will be held from the residence at 3:15 o'clock tomorrow afternoon and will be conducted by Rev. Rupe, of the First Baptist church. Monday morning the remains will be taken over the P., Ft. W. & C. to Ft Wayne, where the deceased's mother was buried several years ago

A Confession.

Under this head, Michael has an announcement in this issue of a special cut sale on all winter clothing until his inventory day, Feb 1st Mr. Michael does not want this sale classed with the various disgraceful clothing sales frequently advertised in Lima, but he assures the public that this is a strictly legitimate unloading sale of all winter clothing at cost till inventory day, Feb. 1st

FOUR BURGLAR

Attempt to Take Possessi a South Side Dwelling

WERE FOILED BY A WO

Mrs. Frank Reis Bravely Drives Burly Tramps From Her Ho With a Revolver, Which she Knew How to Handle.

About 11 o'clock last nigh residents on St. Johns av south of the C. & E. tracks, startled by hearing four pistol fired in rapid succession, and a vestigation proved that the sho been fired from a revolver i hands of Mrs. Frank Reis an targets for the leaden missiles four burly tramps, or burglars, had attempted to forcibly posession of Mrs. Reis' home, a St. Johns avenue.

Mrs. Reis' husband is a brak on the L. E & W., and was o the road last night. At the mentioned Mrs. Reis was sud awakened by hearing some burst open the kitchen She secured her husband's re from a dresser and going into he kitchen, came fa face with four men, who were s ently awaiting the result o noise they had created. Seeing only a woman confronted then invaders made no move to esca til Mrs. Reis raised the revolve view and ordered them to leav house. Then they a fell over each other g away, for Mrs. Reis no soone them the order than she began the bullets from the revolver them. The fellows separate disappeared in the darkness

The would-be burglars are posed to be four men who have sleeping in an old store house the C. & E. track for several da

Notice, U. V. U.

There will be a special meeti Monday evening, January 4th, we will meet in our new hall i Deuze block, south Main street there will be business of impo all members will please be pr We want to get ready for instal in this month. By order of

S. W. Cook, Colo

M. SEERY, Adjutant.

Money Box No. 2, containin was opened at the Columbia Store by Mr. Chas E. Nutting gineer on the L H & W ra he holding the lucky key

G. E. BLUEM. | G. E. BLUEM.

—AT—

BLUEM'S

TO-NIGHT.

Special lots of goods to be sold at ONE-HALF some LESS than ONE-HALF of the regular ing price.

REMNANTS.

Remnants of Dress Goods.

Remnants of Linens.

Remnants of Swiss.

Remnants of White Goods.

Remnants of Draperies.

Remnants of Silks.

Remnants of Laces.

All of the above are sold at ONE-HALF of the regular selling price.

UNDERWEAR

Children's scarlet white Underwear at half price.

HOODS.

Children's Hoods at half price.

CORSETS.

One lot of $1.50 C for 50c to close.

NOBBY JACKE

Our entire stock of L Jackets for LESS ONE-HALF price to

Attend this Remnant Sale. Besides, small lots of goods are sold for less than one of the regular selling price.

G. E. BLUEM

57 PUBLIC SQUARE.

The Dry Goods, Dress Goods and Cloak H

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE® NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®